W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

WE NEVER SLEEP
Always Open.
People's Popular
Prescription Pharmacy
C. E. JONES,
36 Government St

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1893. No. 208

AT THE WESTSIDE August 30th, 1893.

New Hopsacking Tweeds, 54 inches wide.
New English Tweeds, 54 inches wide.
New Navy Diagonal Serges, 58 inches wide.
New Black Diagonal Serges, 58 inches wide.
New Black and Colored Cashmeres, 44 in. wide.
New French Twills, 44 inches wide.
New Black and Colored Crepons, 42 in. wide.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

BEAR IN MIND
That we supply THE TRADE with the Celebrated Woonsocket Brand
RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.
SEND ORDERS DIRECT LENZ & LEISER

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1858.
BANKERS
VICTORIA, B. C.
Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
AGENTS FOR
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.
"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

WEILER BROS.
Latest Arrivals
Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints } For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone } Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.
SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY
Is what you receive from us.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.
We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.
We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.
Boot and Shoe Department next door below.
35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Shorthand and Typewriting.
I am making arrangements for Classes in Pitman's Shorthand and Typewriting—day and evening—and would be pleased if intending Students would call or write for further particulars.
J. A. BATES, Hotel Brunswick.
Sept4-6t

Steam to LIVERPOOL Direct.

The British Steamship
"GRANDHOLM"
MASSON, MASTER,
Will load on Fraser River and at Victoria during September for Liverpool direct and will have quick despatch. The bulk of cargo is engaged, but a limited quantity of space is available. Applications for freight room must be made to the charterers,
ROBERT WARD & CO., LT'D LB'Y,
Offices Temple building, Fort st., Victoria.
Sept 5, 1t

EX STEAMER MICHIGAN
H. CUTHBERT & CO., Auctioneers,
are instructed by J. C. Prevost, Esq., to sell by
AUCTION
on the Wharf, James Bay on
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, AT 11 A.M.
the whole of the
Machinery, Engines, Sails, Etc.,
Saved by the steamer Mascotte from the wreck of the above named steamer Michigan, comprising: 1 pr. surface condensing triple expansion engines, with cylinders, 11 in., 13 in., 18 in. and 23 in. by 24 in. stroke; 1 upright tubular donkey boiler, 3 ft. 6 in. diameter by 6 ft. 6 in. high, as is; one steam wench with large chains, 45 fathoms each; 1 large water tank, 1 hand capstan, 1 large iron davit, 2 pr. boat do 1 double acting deck pump, steering wheels and chains, lot of iron cleats, mooring posts, chain plates, hawse pipes, steam valves, engine and boiler fittings, iron tanks, mainsail, foresail, jib, wire rigging, iron safe, 5 iron wheelbarrows, 5 iron trucks, a number of dead lights and blocks, etc., etc., as they lie on the wharf, James Bay.
The whole of the above will be offered in one lot, and subject to a duty of 30 per cent, on auction price.
Terms Spot Cash.
For further particulars, and to view, apply at the wharf, or to
HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.
s5

30 MICHIGAN STREET,
Head of Birdcage Walk, James Bay.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., AUCTIONEERS
are instructed to sell by
AUCTION
at the residence of Mrs. Leitch, as above, on
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, AT 2 P.M.,
The Whole of her Valuable and Well Kept Furniture, Comprising:
IN PARLOR—Elegant stuff over drawing room suite, 3 pieces, upholstered in silk brocatelle; 3 walnut tables with marble slabs oak rocker, upholstered in blue plush; hand painted mirror, oil paintings, lace curtains, tripods and stands, screen, mouquet carpet.
IN HALL—Brussels carpet, stair ditto, lamp, etc., etc.
In DINING ROOM—Polished oak dining table, 4 leaves; polished, oak sideboard, with bevelled glass; 6 chairs en suite, in leather; very fine Brussels carpets, lace curtains, ornamental items, electro-plated ware, hanging lamp, etc., etc.
IN THREE BEDROOMS—One massive polished oak bed set with carved decorations and finely marked panels; 1 solid walnut ditto with carved decorations; 1 ash bed set, 3 box mattresses, 3 toilet services, Brussels, Kidderminster and wool carpets, blinds, curtains, etc.
IN KITCHEN—Fine Jubilee cooking range, tables and chairs, crockery, stove, furniture, wash tubs, etc.; also tools and lawn mower.
The whole of the above are nearly new and in excellent condition.
HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

SECOND AND LAST
UNRESERVED SALE!
—OF—
..Oil Paintings..
Mostly by the hands of MONF. LOEMANS, who is returning to Paris.
Paintings are now on view at 60 Government Street, from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.
Sale FRIDAY, Sept. 8, at 2.30 p.m.
JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.
se5-3t

AMERICAN DOCTORS

Opening of the Pan American Medical Congress To-Day.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S WELCOME

Received by the Medicos With Unbounded Enthusiasm.

Many Stand Up to Get a Better Look at Him—He Looks the Picture of Health—That Story About Cleveland's Jaw—Only a Tooth-Pulling After All—The Barracouta Explosion.

Washington, Sept. 5.—The Pan American medical congress began its four-day session to-day in Albaugh's opera house. Dr. William Pepper, of Philadelphia, occupied the chair, and from 800 to 1000 doctors were present. Among them were representatives from all countries of the western continent. Shortly after the congress was called to order President Cleveland was escorted to the front of the stage and formally opened the congress. The address of welcome was heartily applauded throughout. The President appeared in the best of health; walked with a firm step; spoke in a clear resonant voice. His appearance was closely observed with undisguised interest, foreign delegates in the body of the building standing up to obtain a better view. The band played "Hail to the Chief" while the President took his seat.

Captain Olsen's Case.

San Francisco, Sept. 5.—U. S. District Judge Morrow has overruled the demurrer of Wm. Olsen, owner of the schooner Louise Olsen, to the indictment charging him with smuggling Chinese into the United States. Olsen's plea was that the confiscation by the government of his vessel should operate as a bar to his prosecution, but the court holds it insufficient.

President Cleveland's Jaw.

New York, Sept. 5.—E. C. Benedict in an interview confirmed the statement that an operation was performed on the president's jaw on board Mr. Benedict's yacht Oneida, while the latter was cruising in Long Island Sound. Mr. Benedict was asked for further details. "Well," he said, "at first they wanted to remove the tooth, that's all. They wanted to pull it. Then I think a piece of jawbone came away and the second tooth had to be extracted. Mr. Cleveland stood the operation very well." Mr. Benedict was asked if it were true that the president was put to bed after the operation had been performed and that he slept for 36 hours. "All bosh," replied Mr. Benedict. "Not a word of truth in that. Why, let me tell you this, and you can judge for yourself whether there can be any truth in such a report. I played cribbage with the president the same evening; I have the record of every day's games we played aboard my yacht now. We played every day and the president never missed a deal."

The Alexander's Adventures.

San Francisco, Sept. 5.—The Hawaiian sealing steamer Alexander arrived here yesterday, sixteen days out from Copper Island. She has been away seven months and a half at the Japan sealing grounds. The total catch is nearly 3,000 skins. The voyage is not considered a financial success, as the trip cost about $30,000. The crew numbered 57 all told, including twelve hunters. The captain reports the voyage to have been very pleasant. No war vessels of any description were sighted. The Russian cruiser Zabiaka was seen, but she was a long distance off. The steamer never went closer to Copper Islands than 80 miles, and the captain denies having been in Behring Sea.

Demand Thorough Investigation.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 5.—The investigation in cotton broker Hathaway's case has been of a strictly private nature, but sufficient has been developed to warrant the statement that the banks will call for criminal proceedings. At present Mr. Hathaway is confined to his house from nervous prostration, being attended by two physicians. Outside the house two patrolmen in citizen dress are watching that no escape can be made. From the state of affairs in the city, the feeling seems to be that a thorough investigation should be made in this case, as by so doing it is thought that further mysterious dealings may be brought to light.

Rough on Rotter.

Warren, Ohio, Sept. 5.—Warren Smith was arrested at Niles, Mich., on Saturday upon a charge of embezzlement. Rotter, a well-to-do widower, becoming impressed with the charms of a Newcastle, O., lady, proposed marriage. She demurred unless assured of a cash consideration. by way of settlement he offered to place $20,000 with Warren Smith, a friend, the same to be paid the lady on the completion of the ceremony which should make her his bride. This was agreed to by all parties and the $20,000 was handed over to Smith. The latter disappeared with the money. Incautiously returning to town on Saturday he was arrested, but through the carelessness of the policeman he escaped and is still at large. The lady declines to wed without the wealth and it now looks as if Rotter would lose both his funds and bride.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A lot or house and lot in Victoria West on terms. Apply M. R., Times office. Sept 5, 3t

TO LET—Four rooms and kitchen, furnished. Apply at 116 Pandora Avenue, between 10 and 2 o'clock. s5-7t

TO LET—A nine-roomed house with the privilege of buying the carpets and furniture. Apply to Mrs. E. B. Matthews, 237 Johnson street. Sept 5,2 wks

WANTED—A good strong girl to do housework and help to take care of children. Apply 51 Work street. Sept. 5,1t

NOTICE.
A dividend (the first) will be paid on the estate of Munro Miller on and after Tuesday, 12th inst, at the office, 77 Johnson street.
THOS. L. HALL, Assignee.
Sept 5—tu, th, fr

Canadian Cattle Sales.

London, Sept. 5.—At Deptford today 625 Canadian animals were offered. Trade was very slow, it being difficult to effect clearance. The primest beasts made 3s 9d to 3s 10½d; seconds, 3s 6d for eight pounds.

Reviewed the Cadets.

West Point, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The crown prince of Japan, who is travelling incognito under the title of Count Michima, arrived at West Point this morning. The adjutant and superintendent of the military academy called at his hotel and paid their respects. They extended an invitation for the prince to review the cadets. The review took place this morning. The prince will return to New York to-morrow.

VERY MUCH MUDDLED.

School Matters in a Tangle—Unsuccessful Whiskey Smuggler Hunt.

Vancouver, Sept. 5.—Matters in the east end school continue in a muddle. Three trustees who met installed R. Fraser, from the west end school, in place of R. Sparling, whose certificate was suspended. Trustee Brown yesterday morning took the pupils from Sparling's room to the third room, and in the afternoon directed Mr. Dougan, of the third room, to take charge of the head department. The department has been appealed to, but has declined to interfere.

A ball will be tendered the admiral and officers of the warships here on Monday next.

The Austrian residents will present Archduke Ferdinand with an address.

Governor Moresby took a two days' trip around English Bay and the Gulf of Georgia after whiskey smugglers, but found none.

The market loan by-law of New Westminster was defeated yesterday by 42 and a by-law to have a special audit passed by 76 majority.

The Westminster council will petition the government to change the number of the local battery of artillery from No. 1 to No. 2, as theirs is the oldest in the province.

The Langley people are organizing to select delegates to the Kamloops political convention.

A Curious Bequest.

Those who are fond of bicycling will be interested in a curious will left by a Danish lawyer named Nikolson, in which he bequeathed the whole of his property to trustees to be employed in the purchase of bicycles for the use of children attending school. Part of the money was interest to go towards paying a teacher to train the boys in bicycle-riding. The will concluded as follows: "I have always found the bicycle a capital protection against the importunity of those people who persist in stopping you in your walk to spin a long yarn in the hot sun or in a biting east wind. My machine, unlike a horse, never shied once, and in my drives I have had no need to entrust life and limb to the tender mercies of a coachman." In spite of these sound arguments the sons of the testator refused to acknowledge the validity of the will. This was some weeks ago, and whether or not the children ever benefited by the strange bequest is not known. The story is told on the authority of a newspaper published in Christiana which is supposed to deal more in fact than in fancy, and is probably true.

The Jews in Palestine.

A correspondent in Jerusalem informs us that the Sulton's government has again licensed Jewish real estate brokers and purchasers to acquire landed property in Palestine without being Mussulmans, and secures to all settlers the protection of the High Porte and equal rights with the natives of the land. This opens that country again to foreign immigration, and will attract thousands from Roumania, Russia and Morocco. Dr. Senner is not there, thanks to the Sultan.

Since Baron Rothschild founded colonies on land bought by him for the purpose, the tithes due the Turkish government, for these properties have been almost quintupled. This circumstance having been brought to the knowledge of Baron Edward, he proposes to buy more land and to advance to the government the tithes for a certain number of years. M. Elie Scheid of Paris, the capable administrator of the colonies and Baron Edmond de Rothschild's confidential agent, has been for some time in Constantinople, and the object of his visit is said to be to submit the Baron's offer to the government.—American Israelite.

General Dispatches.

San Francisco, Sept. 5.—The Pacific Mail Company's steamer Barracouta commenced discharging her cargo of coal yesterday. The cause of the recent explosion will probably be revealed to-day. Some say it was dynamite, others that coal gas was the cause.

Washington, Sept. 5.—The treasury department yesterday purchased 150,000 ounces of silver. The counter offer was 73.50. The purchases thus far for this month amount to 487,000 ounces.

San Francisco, Sept. 5.—The new cruiser Olympia, on her unofficial trip around the bay, has developed a speed exceeding 20 knots, and Capt. Goodhill, who commands her, expects her to break the 21-knot record of the cruiser New York when the official trial takes place.

Queenstown, Sept. 5.—The United States training ship Monongahela arrived to-day, all well. She will proceed to Cadiz on Sept. 11th. The flagship Chicago, of the American navy's European squadron, sailed for Havre this morning from Southampton. The Bennington remains at that port.

New York, Sept. 5.—Stocks opened irregularity; part of the list was a fraction higher, others lower to a similar extent. Chicago gas was especially weak, 1 5-8 lower.

REFUSED TO ADVANCE

Bank of England Declines a Loan to the India Office.

THE AMOUNT OVER THREE MILLIONS

Intended for the Reinvigoration of Indian Currency.

Another Bank Supplies the Cash—Seventeen Persons Drowned in Rotterdam Harbor—Panic in a Belgian Theatre—Another Death From Cholera at Hull.

London, Sept. 5.—The Financial News is informed that the Bank of England having refused to lend £3,500,000 to the Indian office, a banking firm has offered to advance £3,000,000 to help the Indian government for sale and exchange up to 1s and 3 7-8d, at which figure the council bill could be issued. The News also says an import duty on silver is contemplated.

One More Cholera Death.

London, Sept. 5.—There was one death from cholera at Hull last night.

Seventeen Drowned.

Rotterdam, Sept. 5.—Twenty-five persons on a lighter in the harbor, while watching a fire near the quay on Sunday, ran to one side of the craft, capsizing it. Seventeen were drowned.

Panic in a Theatre.

Brussels, Sept. 5.—During a panic caused by the drapery of the proscenium boxes and the stage curtain taking fire in the Eden theatre at Ostend last evening thirty or forty persons were thrown down, trampled upon, and many seriously hurt. The flames were extinguished with slight loss of property.

Terrible Railway Disaster.

Aurora, Ill., Sept. 5.—The Big Four freight, an hour behind time, crashed into the Indianapolis express at Batesville, Ind., early this morning. Eighteen passengers on the express were killed and twenty wounded. The engineer and fireman of the express are under the wreck.

Clarke Wallace Again.

London, Ont., Sept. 5.—One hundred of the city guards of Cleveland, Ohio, intended to visit this city on Sept. 12th and give an exhibition drill. The steamer Flora, running between Cleveland and Port Stanley, Ont., had been engaged to bring them over. Clark Wallace, Canadian controller of customs, heard of it and notified the authorities, forbidding the landing of the guards on this side wearing their sidearms, on the ground that foreign troops could not be allowed on Canadian soil. The Cleveland soldiers refuse now to come at all.

INFANT DRUNKARDS.

Scene in a Saloon—Salvation Army Making Progress.

Nanaimo, Sept. 5.—On Saturday a man had in his company his son, a child of about 7, in one of the saloons on Victoria Crescent. The little fellow was quite drunk. The parent of the child chastised him by slapping his face, but the blows fell unheeded, as the liquor had so stupified the little one that it was quite unconscious of he ill-treatment. A constable's attention was called to the fact, and he replied that such cases were common among such people.

The local portion of the Salvation Army is to have its new barracks built. The plans and specifications have been prepared and tenders are called for its erection in Nanaimo and has done a considerable amount of good.

Ex-Mayor Hilbert has received a special invitation to the fall exhibition to be held in San Francisco. The invitation is issued by President M. H. de Young. A graphic description of details connected with the exhibition accompanied the invitation.

The Oyster Loaf.

When the New Orleans man returns from making a night of it "with the boys," he provides himself with what is known as a peacemaker and carries it home under his arm. The peacemaker is also known as an oyster loaf, and is the chief product of certain hostelries called oyster saloons. The manufacture of the oyster loaf is described in this fashion: A box-shaped loaf of bread is taken—one that has a thick, firm crust—and the top crust is cut so as to form a cover. Then the inside is hollowed out with a knife made for that purpose until a wall of snowy material remains about half an inch in thickness. It is done so neatly that the pastry-box looks as if it had been lined with white velvet. Into this piping-hot fried oysters are packed until the loaf is full, then the cover is tied on with a white ribbon. When the whole has been wrapped in paper the buyer flees as a bird to his home.

The little difficulty with the keyhole overcome, he steps into the awful presence undismayed. There she stands, grim as of yore, but without an apologetic word the erring one climbs slowly up the stair and holds forth the peacemaker. She takes it, puts down the lamp and removes the cover. The deliciously flavored steam ascends like sweet incense until it reaches her rigid nostrils, and then her stern features relax into something like a smile. While her lord is hanging his shoes over the chandelier and depositing his hat carefully in the washbasin, she sits on the edge of the bed eating the spoils of domestic war. There are no promises to go unfulfilled and become the cause of future bitterness. With oil thus poured on the waves of life's troubled sea, the bark sails bravely on.—New York World.

TORY OBSTRUCTION.

Fails to Prevent the Government Carrying Forward Business.

London, Sept. 4.—The Earl of Rosebery, secretary of state for foreign affairs, was questioned by Baron Lamington in the house of lords to-day as to the report that France was over-reaching Siam in the negotiations at Bangkok. He replied that the Marquis of Dufferin returned to Paris last week with ample instructions to protect British rights in Siam.

In the house of commons, Mr. Gladstone moved a resolution to give the government the whole time of the house for the remainder of the session; to suspend the 12 o'clock rule and appoint Saturday sittings. In making the motion the premier announced that the government only hoped to be able to deal with the employers' liability and the parish councils bill at the autumn session. He said he would not deny that the resolution was stringent, but the case was one of urgent necessity. The autumn session, he said, would be exempted from the 12 o'clock rule. Mr. Balfour protested that an annual autumn session would overburden the legislative machine. He hoped the resolution would be modified so as to limit the Saturday sittings to the time devoted to the supply bill. Sir Charles Dilke expressed strong approval of the government's policy. Mr. Chamberlain warned the government that its opponents would be forced to follow its example in the future. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, announced that it was not the intention of the government to use the Saturday sittings as an ordinary instrument for the transaction of business. Mr. Sexton promised the government the utmost assistance of his party for the carrying out of the autumn programme. He regretted, however, that no reference had been made to the evicted tenants bill. Mr. Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, in reply, expressed regret that it was impossible to provide time for the discussion of the bills, even of such an important one as the evicted tenants measure. Mr. James Stuart and other Radicals protested against the government's neglect of London's reform measures. Mr. Howell, member for Bethnal Green, declared that the government would discover its mistake at the next general election. Three amendments aiming at a modification of the resolution were rejected, and finally, amid cries of "gag," Mr. Gladstone's resolution was carried by the application of the closure rule, 162 to 95. The house then went into committee of supply.

Emin Pasha Certainly Dead.

London, Sept. 4.—Rev. Mr. Swan, a missionary, who has just returned from Ujiji, on the east shore of Lake Tanganyika, says it is impossible to doubt that Emin Pasha is dead. "The most substantial reports reached me from four independent sources," said Mr. Swan, "and all agree as to the details. The Arabs everywhere in Africa are rejoicing over his death." According to the reports received by Mr. Swan, Emin had arrived at the residence of Seyd Ben Abed, in the country of the Many-Emas, in the eastern part of the Congo State. A party of Arabs approached and asked Emin, "Where are you going?" "To the coast," was Emin's reply. The leader of the Arabs, who was armed with a scimitar, then stepped up to Emin and said, "You are Emin Pasha, who killed the Arabs at Victoria Nyanza." Without waiting for an answer he struck off Emin's head with the scimitar. Emin's body was thrown to the Many-Emas, who ate it. Subsequently the Many-Emas murdered Emin's Nubian followers and ate them. Mr. Swan says that these details have been so often repeated that in Ujiji nobody has the slightest doubt as to their correctness.

General Dispatches.

London, Sept. 4.—Mr. Gladstone and his party have gone to Black Crag Castle, the residence of George Ormistead, in Perthshire, where the premier proposes to escape from the worry of politics for a fortnight.

Brussels, Sept. 4.—Private letters from the Congo state that Kerckeven's expedition was destroyed after the leader's death. Twenty white men lost their lives.

Amsterdam, Sept. 4.—Four women have been murdered and mutilated within the last four days in Ostburg, a small village in the Netherlands. All were of the poorest class. The murders were committed at night and the bodies were dissected in the manner practiced by "Jack the Ripper." No arrests have been made.

British Grain Trade.

London, Sept. 4.—The Mark Lane Express says to-day in its weekly review of the grain trade: "The latest estimates confirm the opinion that six and a half million quarters will be the utmost wheat production of the United Kingdom. New English wheat fetches rather more than old. Both are in the finest condition. New wheat realized on Wednesday in the eastern counties 28 to 29 shillings; new red, 26 to 27 shillings; old wheat realized 27 to 28 shillings; old red, 25 to 26 shillings. The mean price of wheat in Edinburgh last week fell to 22s 8d. The August average for old wheat was 26s 3d, the lowest yet recorded there. The foreign markets have recovered slightly since Wednesday, on the expectation that the final defeat of the silver men in congress will be followed by tightness in holding the American crop of 1893. This expectation, the Express thinks, is rather short-sighted.

Napoleon's Grand Nephew Dead.

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 4.—Jerome Bonaparte died at his summer home, Pride's Crossing, at 9.30 o'clock last night. Col. Jerome Bonaparte was the eldest son of Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte and grand nephew of Napoleon I. He was born in Baltimore November 5, 1830. His father was the only son of Prince Jerome, King of Wurtemberg, and his wife, the late Elizabeth Patterson Bonaparte, of Baltimore. Col. Bonaparte graduated at West Point in 1852, and until his resignation of his lieutenancy in the U. S. army he served on frontier duty with the mounted riflemen. He entered the Imperial French army September 5, 1854, as second lieutenant of the Seventh Dragoons. He served in the Crimean War against Russia in 1854-55 as engineer, and for his distinguished active services he was decorated by the Sultan of Turkey with the Medjidie order, made Knight of the Legion of Honor of France and received the Crimean medal from the Queen of England. He was in the Algerian campaign of 1856-57, engaged in several actions with the Kabyles, in the Italian campaign against Austria in 1859, receiving for his gallantry the French "Medaille d'Italie" and the decoration of "Military Valor" from the King of Sardinia. It was with difficulty he escaped with his life from the Commune in Paris. At the close of the war in 1871 he returned to this country and married the same year, at Newport, R. I., Mrs. Caroline Edgar Leroy, formerly Miss Appleton, a granddaughter of General Webster. In 1873 he went to Europe and resided, afterwards returning to the United States. Colonel Bonaparte left one daughter, Miss Loisette Bonaparte.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Baptiste Theriault, a miller at Little Salmon river, Drummond county, N.B., is in custody on a charge of killing T. W. Mockler.

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent says: An order in council appointing Mr. McIntosh, M.P., Lieut.-Governor of the Northwest has been passed but not yet made public.

G. Ebert & Co.'s general furnishing and tailoring establishment, Owen Sound and tailoring establishment at Owen Sound was destroyed by fire yesterday. Damage, $6,000; insured.

The Montreal exhibition was formally inaugurated yesterday. The grounds are in splendid condition and the exhibits have not all arrived. There is every indication that the show will be the most successful ever held here.

The shipping business this year at Montreal has been remarkably large. The bulk of it is over, however, but returns show that the tonnage this year has been increased and grain exports have been considerably ahead of other years. Apple exports are now commencing, and also promise to show a large increase. Last week's cattle shipments totalled 2,932 head.

Took in a Yale Professor.

A good story is going the rounds of the city with relation to a certain well-known Yale Professor. He is a young man, and the title of professor has rested upon him but a few years, but his name is withheld for obvious reasons.

On returning from the World's Fair recently, so goes the story, he was approached on the train by a fine-appearing man, who asked him if he would not fill up a hand of whist, as it needed just one more to complete the table. The Yale professor complied, and was soon sitting with three nicely dressed and apparently thorough gentlemen. The cards were dealt around, when it was discovered that there was one card less than the usual number, and in this exigency it was suggested that as whist could not be played they had better resort to euchre. This was satisfactory and the game commenced.

It had proceeded but a short time when one of the gentlemen, after looking at his hand, remarked that he wished he was playing poker, as he had a hand that he would like to bet on. So, just for the fun of the thing, the first speaker suggested that they drop euchre for a minute and play poker with the hands they held. This was acceded to, and a small amount of money was bet, which finally went to the first speaker's hand. Euchre was resumed, and it had progressed but a short time before the third stranger, who had not entered into the first deal, said he had a hand which he would like to bet on, and, as the gentleman who had made the first suggestion was agreeable, the game was again stopped and they bet money on their hands.

After this euchre was resumed, when, to the professor's surprise, he found as he picked up one hand that he held three aces and a pair, or, in poker parlance, a full house. He laughingly remarked that he had got a hand which he would be willing to wager a little money on. His partner said he had a good hand also, and, if the professor desired, the game would be stopped and they would play the hand out on poker lines. This was agreeable to the professor, and the two fell to betting. The bets were small, but it was only a few minutes when the amount wagered was about $12, of which half was the money of the professor. At this point the professor called and was astonished to see his partner, against whom he had played, lay down four seven spots. Of course he lost, but without saying a word the euchre game was resumed.

After several more hands had been played the professor picked up a hand to find that he held four aces. This time he said nothing about playing it a poker hand and the game of euchre was uninterrupted. A little later four ten spots also came into his hand, but this also did not tempt him to try his luck with it at poker, and it was played out as euchre.

Very soon after this his companions became suddenly tired of the game, and by mutual consent the four quit playing, the Yale professor returning to his own seat. As he began to think over the incidents of the previous half hour it suddenly dawned on him all at once that he came near being taken in as a lamb by three sharpers. As he remembered it then, the men did not cut the cards, and there dawned upon his mind other little discrepancies with regard to card playing which had not attracted his attention at the time, and he came to the conclusion very quickly that the hand which he had bet on had been put up against him, and, furthermore, that the four aces and four tens which came into his hand subsequently were not a mere coincidence, but a deliberate attempt to draw him on into losing his money. It was not through any suspicion at the time that he did not play these hands in poker, but simply because he was disinclined to break up the euchre game in that manner.

Since the story has got noised about the professor has received considerable chaff at the hands of his friends, and he is now trying to ascertain how it got out. He is satisfied, however, that he got out of it so easily.—New Haven Register.

Northern Pacific

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

London, Sept. 4.—One fresh case of cholera was found in Hull to-day. Sir Walter Foster, parliamentary secretary of the local government board, when questioned in the house of commons this afternoon, said that seven deaths from cholera had occurred in Hull and Grimsby. He added that every precaution was being taken against the epidemic.

London, Sept. 4.—The Times says that the friction between the Healyites and the followers of Sexton is growing rapidly on one point of dispute, as to whether the American parliamentary fund can be rightly applied to the relief of tenants.

London, Sept. 5.—The Queen has approved the appointment of General Sir Henry Wylie Norman as Governor of Queensland.

Another Biblical Discovery.

The New York Sun recently reported the discovery of an ancient copy of the Syriac Gospels. Another biblical manuscript of great interest to scholars has been brought to this country by Rev. W. S. Watson, of Towerhill, N. J. It is a codex of the Samaritan Pentateuch, which he discovered in Palestine. It gives the Hebrew text of the five books of Moss in the old Samaritan character on 538 pages of parchment and 11 pages of paper. A cryptogram found in the parchment portion states that it was written by "Abraham, the son of Israel, the son of Ephriam, the son of Joseph, the prince, King of Israel," "in the year 629 of the Kingdom of Ishmael" which corresponds with A. D. 1232. This manuscript, which is unique in America, is 124 years older than the earliest dated Samaritan manuscript in the British Museum.

Improving British Returns.

London Commerce says: "Anyone who is disposed to take an optimistic view of the trade returns which we publish, fully tabulated in another column, will find material for comparatively cheerful anticipations. There are no serious deficiencies to chronicle, and for this, looking at the figures for the last twelve months, we have much to be thankful. Imports are within a merest trifle of what they were a year ago, and the exports slightly in excess. Making a comparison, therefore, with last year, we find that the shrinkage reached its lowest point in May, since then there has been an improvement. Has the tide turned? The answer is difficult. At least it is satisfactory that the downward trend is checked. The worst feature is the decrease in textile exports. These, for the seven months ending July 31, show a falling off of over £2,500,000. The next thing to bringing about a concrete improvement is furnishing an adequate explanation. The decrease in exports of textile manufactures is susceptible of abundant explanation. It might also be condensed into a single word—silver. The cotton manufacturers of Lancashire have had to compete with the products of Indian factories working under a monetary system which practically gives them a protection, as against English imports, of about 33 1-3 per cent. When to this are added the advantages of labor out of all comparison cheaper than anything we can command, there is small wonder that our exports to India have come down to a very low ebb. The other items which are included in the returns have nearly all their special interest to those connected with foreign trade, but the general drift of the movement is more hopeful than they have been of late."

Mrs. Anna Sutherland

Kalamazoo, Mich., had swellings in the neck, or Goitre From her 10th year, causing 40 Years great suffering. When she caught cold could not walk two blocks without fainting. She took

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And is now free from it all. She has urged many others to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and they have also been cured. It will do you good.

HOOD'S PILLS Cure all Liver Ills, Jaundice, Sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, nausea.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

maintains its high standard as

A Perfect ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ Beef Food.

STAMINAL

Is a Food and a Tonic combined.

It contains the feeding qualities of *Beef and Wheat* and the tonic qualities of *Hypophosphites* in the form of a

Palatable Beef Tea.

Milk Granules

is the solids of pure Cow's Milk so treated that when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is

The Perfect Equivalent of MOTHER'S MILK.

Argyle House

SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.

JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED

ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE

OF THOSE

DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
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DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES

AT

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
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TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD

J. Horner & Co.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians, 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS Manager

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.

Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. 410-M

Municipal Act 1892.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer from myself to George Schmith, of the said city, of the license now held by me to sell beer, wines and porter with meals at the restaurant (formerly Stitt's's), No. 54 Yates street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid.

July 15, 1893. C. C. FOX.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON A. West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 67 Third street, Victoria. 1m22

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described tract of land: Commencing at post S. E. marked "W. D. Morgan," planted on the east shore of Read Island, opposite Rendezvous Islands, thence west 80 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence east to shore, thence along shore to point of commencement, containing 1000 acres more or less.

W. D. MORGAN.

Victoria, August 18, 1893. Aug 18-1m

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

Exhibition

And Grand

Celebration

At New Westminster,

ON

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, September 26, 27, 28, 29, 1893.

$15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is the Largest in the Dominion West of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet. Division No. 11' Canadian Wheelmen's Association

To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.

Acquatic Sports and Canoe Races

Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.

Entirely new feature of a

Log Chopping Contest

In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.

Horse Races.

Championship Lacrosse Match

Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.

Rugby and Association Football Matches, Sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present and dispense music throughout the Exhibition Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B. MACKENZIE, General Secretary.
T. J. TRAPP, President R. A. & I. Society.
D. S. CURTIS, Mayor, Chairman Celebration Committee.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the second Wednesday of September next, application will be made to the Board that the temporary permission granted on the 20th June last by the Mayor, under the authority of section 221, of the Municipal Act, 1892, for the transfer from William McHugh to William O'Conner of the retail liquor license issued under subsection 1 of section 204 of the aforesaid act, to William McHugh, for the premises known as the Victoria Hotel, situated on the south-east corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the city of Victoria, may be ratified and extended, and that the said license may be transferred to William O'Connor.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1893, at the city of Victoria.

ad-1m WM. MCHUGH.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE.

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies or Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S **Breakfast Cocoa**

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and easily digested.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to town only $800; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
acre Blocks, $2 0; 1 acre Blocks at $600; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $20 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
106 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $3000 good terms.
90 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4 000; good terms.
Easie lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
3 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street Victoria.

NOTICE

Johnson Street from Chambers Street eastward will be closed until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

jy29-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 20th day of August, 1893.

RODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

a29-tf

NO. 203

A BY-LAW

To Authorise Certain Expenditures.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. In addition to the amounts mentioned in by-law No. 196, entitled the "Municipal Revenue By-Law, 1893," it shall be lawful for the Treasurer to pay such sums of money as may be authorized from time to time by resolution of the Council of the Corporation, as are set forth in requisitions which have been properly recommended and approved, and for which warrants have been authorised by the Council to be issued for the services mentioned in the statements lettered D and H, and Votes No. 22 25, 27 A and 59, respectively, hereto annexed:

Providing that before making the payment the Auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness and that the Council have authorised the payment, and that the sums paid and authorized are not in each case in the aggregate in excess of the sum named in the above votes and statements.

Sec. 2. This by-law may be cited as the Municipal Expenditure By-Law, 1893.

Passed the Municipal Council the 23rd day of August, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 28th day of August, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

IV.—CITY INSTITUTIONS—Maintenance.

No. of Vote	Statement D.		Total
22	Fire Department—		
	Repairs	$350 00	
	Harness and Clothing	150 00	$400 00
23	Library—		
	For all purposes		300 00
27A	Sewerage—		
	For the construction of flush tanks and fitting syphons for the purpose of flushing sewers in use		2,300 00
			$3,100 00

VIII.—EDUCATION.

No. of Vote	Statement H.		
59	Education—		
	Balance payable to the Provincial Government for salaries of teachers in the public schools to 30th June, 1893		$600 59

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale

STR. "T. W. CARTER"

FOR SALE.

I have received instructions from the Mortgagees to sell by Auction, to the highest bidder, on

SEPTEMBER 6th, at 1 O'CLOCK

At my Sales Room, 40 Yates Street, the Str. T. W. Carter.

Full particulars at Spratt & Gray's, Work Street, Victoria, or to

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

au28-td

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Messrs. Brice & Greaves to sell by Public Auction at my Sales Room,

No. 40 YATES STREET,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6

At the hour of 11 a.m.,

The Good Will License and Lease of the AMERICAN HOTEL, Yates Street, also the Fixtures, Pictures, Furniture, Etc.

TERMS CASH.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

au28

AUCTION SALE

—OF THE—

Most Valuable and Desirable Properties Ever Offered in Victoria.

I am instructed by the assignees of the estate of A. J. Smith, with the concurrence of the mortgagees, to sell by Public Auction in my Auction Room,

40 YATES ST.,

At 12 o'clock noon, on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 7

—ALL THE—

REAL ESTATE

Property belonging to the estate, and situated on Birdcage Walk, Superior St., and Michigan St., with

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCES,

Also the property on Erie street with a newly-erected

SAWMILL

Finest Machinery, etc. Wharf, 120 feet water frontage.

For full particulars see posters or apply to

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

G. A. PERRIN,
P. J. A. SCHWENGERS,
au21 Assignees.

A Girl's Dearest Friend.

He found her sitting alone in a secluded corner, apart from the merry dancers, where the music came in subdued throbs of melody and the mingled voices of the glad company made but a gentle murmur.

"Ah," he exclaimed, "I am fortunate indeed."

Her eyes were cast down in sweet confusion.

"I have just been talking with your dearest friend about you."

Half rising from her seat, she confronted him with a look of terror.

"Then—"

Her lips trembled as she spoke and her cheek was as devoid of color as the satin shoes she wore.

"I suppose you want that engagement ring back, but you don't get it. See?"

There was that about her manner which prompted him to say nothing.—Detroit Tribune.

All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, weakness of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada. *

The Lot of the Recruit.

Recruiting for the British army has up to the present time been less successful than last year, and the falling off is in the infantry of the line. There has been a falling off in other arms, but the cavalry and artillery are considerably above the numbers provided for in the estimates, and except in the infantry, all goes moderately well. The recruiting posters promise free clothing, free rations and one shilling a day pay. The recruit finds on joining that if he tries to live on the food provided free he will be half starved. Indeed, he is not allowed to try, but finds 3 pence a day deducted from his pay as a matter of course. This is to pay for the absolutely necessary articles of food which are not provided in the free ration. There are other stoppages for necessary renewals of clothing and other matters, which reduce the expected shilling per day to about half that sum, or even less. The infantry will not be popular until this sense of having been lured into the army by false pretences is eradicated.

Injudicious drinking in summer is the cause of much of the condition known as "under the weather." Ripe fruit is known to be wholesome to eat, and the juice of ripe fruit is the best beverage. "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice is prepared from cultivated limes. Diluted with water, either plain or aerated, and sweetened to taste, it is a most wholesome and refreshing beverage. Better than alcholic drinks, cheaper and more convenient than lemons. Druggists and grocers.

Great Circle Sailing.

The advantages to be derived from sailing upon the arc of a great circle are described in the North Atlantic Pilot Chart for July, issued by the United States Hydrographic Department, as follows:

It is too common a practice among mariners to accept the straight line of the Mercator chart, i. e., the rhumb line, as a direct route. The rhumb line, in itself, offers the single advantage of a true course (technically, so-called) which is constant, but is more an imaginary than a real advantage, because the true course must frequently be corrected for the magnetic variation, and the original rhumb is never strictly maintained over long distances.

Although the chart serves to direct a vessel's course and to mark her progress, the vessel herself actually sails upon the surface of the sphere. When her course is shaped by the rhumb she approaches her port in a roundabout way, in reality never heading for her port until it is in sight. The rhumb line of the sphere is spiral, which has the property of making a constant angle with the Meridians. Upon the Mercator chart it projects as a straight line, and thus presents a false appearance of minimum distance.

A glance at the globe, or at a thread stretched across its surface, makes it apparent that the shortest distance between any two places on the surface of the sphere is along the great circle which joins them, and that it is only while maintaining her great circle course that the vessel heads for the port as if it were constantly in sight. Except when sailing along a meridian or the equator, the true course upon a great circle changes gradually with the advance of the vessel, but so slowly that in practice a new course need be set only for each 100 or 200 miles of distance made good. Since the great circle course for any position of the vessel is quickly found, the necessity for a change of course may be easily investigated. When a great circle route is to be taken, the whole route should be projected under the sailing chart, either by continuous line or by frequent points, that it may be examined for general direction, obstructions, meteorological conditions, etc. When a vessel falls off the original great circle she should not attempt to regain it, for the shortest distance then is upon the great circle that joins her position to her place of destination. Her course is always the great circle course at her actual position. In general it will suffice for sailing vessels to shape courses as usual, following the general direction of the original great circle as projected, but it is preferable for fast steamers to ascertain the exact great circle courses. From what has been said it is seen that a vessel, in pursuing a great circle route, practically sails upon a series of short rhumbs closely approximating a great circle.

The distance saved by a great circle route, as compared with a rhumb route, varies greatly, according to conditions. Between Yokohama, Japan and Cape Flattery, Washington, it is 208 nautical miles; from Belle Isle to Manlin Head it is only 36 miles, the total distance being only 1,692 miles.

"The Book of the Fair."

"The Book of the Fair" is an ambitious publication issued by the Bancroft Company of Chicago and San Francisco. Its title is indicative of its aim, which is to provide a literary and pictorial description of the great Chicago exposition in a form that will endure. The work is to be issued in 25 parts of 40 pages each, two parts to be issued each month at the price of $1 per part. Over 2,000 illustrations are promised, many of them being full-page engravings. Judging from the first two parts, which have come to hand, the "Book of the Fair" will be apt to commend itself to the public, both to those who have been fortunate enough to visit the exposition and desire a memento of their visit, and to those who have not had that good fortune. A perusal of the book and a look at its handsome illustrations will be the next best thing to seeing the fair itself. Part No. 1 gives a historical retrospect of world's fairs and of fairs in general in the olden time. Then the origin and progress of the Columbian scheme are described, up to the time when the fair found itself fully established in the beautiful white city at Chicago. Not the least interesting part of the work is the detailed description of the plans and construction of the buildings, which are in themselves a wonderful exhibition. Every department of the fair is to be shown forth in the work with the most efficient aid from pen, pencil and camera, and if Mr. Bancroft's work is carried on to the end as well as it has begun, the "Book of the Fair" will be worth having.

Curious Traders.

A curious example of generous obstinacy was a stout countryman who inquired for a nice book to read—"one with a story in." On several being placed before him, he carefully examined them attentively, and picked out the middle volume of a "three-decker," with the remark, "This 'ere's my sort. What's the price?"

"Oh," was the reply, "this is only the second volume; the story goes through three—the set is half a crown."

"Hauf a crown! Well; I'll gie ye that for that one book. It's a pretty un enough."

"But won't you have the other two as well? You'd better."

"Naw! I don't like the beginnin' of a story; I can't get furrud wi' it. An' I don't like th' endin'; I don't know as it's comed about. But in 'th middle un I'm into t' thick of it right off. No; I'll only tak' th' middle un; it'll set me up for a month." And cramming the book into his pocket, he put down his half-crown and disappeared with a "good-night!" before the other volumes could be given to him.

Another was a tatterdemalion strongly reminiscent of Quilp. He was not quite so hideous; but what he lacked in that was counterbalanced by rags, dirt and odor. He arrived in a flat donkey cart, and, sneaking into the shop with a big empty sack in his hand, he inquired in a nasal treble, "Anythin' in my line to-day, mister? I can do with a sackful."

"No," answered that gentleman sternly, without looking up from his cataloguing; "I never have anything in your line, and never shall. You haven't paid me for that last lot of books."

"'Aven't paid ye!" he squeaked in simulated astonishment. "S' 'elp me! 'Aye ye 'ad yer letter-box broke open lately? 'Cos that's why ye never got that there cheque as I sent ye!"

"Cheque!" exclaimed the bookseller, still writing. "You haven't any money in your pocket; never mind the bank."

"No money in my pocket, eh? 'Aven't I, though, eh? Jus' you wait! Oh, no!—no money!" With these exclamations he dropped his sack, and diving here and there into his rags—it was a wonder he found his way to a pocket among so many holes—he fished up a dirty, bulky cash-bag, which jingled very suggestively while he was untying the string. The bookseller looked up in astonishment, then he burst into a roar of laughter as the contents of the bag were turned out on a sheet of music; rusty keys, penknife blades, divorced scissors, clock wheels, nails, screws and tacks—among which Quilp Secundus found something which he put into his mouth to clean, and then triumphantly slapped on the palm of his left hand. "No money, eh? Look there!" The purchase money for a sackful of books was a three-penny piece!

No trade was done; and Quilp muttered as he went out, "When a man can't trust his brother man commerce is a going to the dogs."

An entirely different character was a worn, elderly-looking man, who, one Tuesday night, came into a book-shop asking for help. The bookseller, who seemed to know him, offered him, out of a stock of three hundred or so, a dozen shilling pamphlets—speeches of John Bright, maked for sale in the window at three pence each—to sell in the street at any price he liked, provided that when he sold the dozen he was to buy any more he wanted at a reduced rate. In five minutes he was back to pay his halfpence and take away two dozen. A longer interval elapsed before he returned to invest his earnings in more. So he went on for the rest of the evening and throughout the week, till on Friday, looking much younger—the effect of better living—he bought the remaining stock; and on Saturday he presented himself to the bookseller to say that he had saved three pounds, and was going to set up an apple-cart Monday. This he did; and when we saw him last, judging by the sound of his voice, and the patronage of the office boys, whose pennies will buy them more dessert than dinner, he seemed to be doing a roaring business.—Chambers's Journal.

Mice Sheared Her Tresses.

In the most novel manner Miss Nora Hodge, a young lady of 16 summers, and the adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Vaughn, of this city, awoke Sunday morning to find that during the night before she had strange visitors—mice had paid her a visit, seemingly for the sole purpose of trimming her hair. This was done to the utmost satisfaction of these mischievous little visitors. Upon retiring it has been her custom to carefully plait her hair, which is of more than ordinary length. Fully two-thirds of the plait was cut off close to the head almost as neatly as could have been done by the most expert barber in town. All this shearing was done without disturbing the young lady. It was while coming her hair that the loss was discovered. The neighbors were called in to see and account for, if possible, the mysterious act. Her hair was cut, by what? A careful search of the room disclosed the evil perpetrators. A nest of mice was discovered. The mice had already appropriated some of the hair to their own use, having been found with some of the stolen goods in their possession. It is unnecessary to state that the discomfited young lady is now wearing her hair short. Her friends deeply sympathize with her in this loss.—Farlington (Ky.) Bee.

Shooting Wild Elephants.

A traveller in India says that tame elephants, many of which he used in working, have a great dread of wild ones. On Sunday it was customary to let the tames ones loose, fettered only by a chain attached to one of the hind legs, so that they might have the day to themselves in the forest, says the Youth's Companion. They always returned, out of attachment to their keepers, or to the rice pudding. This pudding is made of huge masses of boiled rice, seasoned with a kind of sweet oil, which was given to them at nightfall. One Sunday evening, however, they had not returned, and their delay led to an exciting experience.

On Monday morning, says the traveller, a messenger came to me to say that the tame elephants were surrounded by a herd of wild ones, and that the keepers dared not go in to rescue them. They begged me to come at once. I lost no time in collecting my rifles and hastening to the scene, and I can scarcely describe the confusion I found there.

The forest, usually so silent, was resounding in every direction with the screaming and trumpeting of the animals and the crashing and breaking of the bamboos. The best thing would be to shoot one of the wild elephants, as that would disperse the herd. As a rule, the hunter can distinguish one from the other, the tame animal, being regularly groomed and washed, is as black as a piece of India rubber, and the wild one covers himself with mud and sand to keep off the insects.

I took aim at one of the two very dirty elephants, and was pressing the trigger of my rifle when I heard the clank of a chain, just in time to save the animal's life. I firmly believe that these two elephants had covered themselves with mud and sand so as not to be recognized and attacked by the wild ones about them.

There were about sixteen of the wild ones, and I had to run some distance to intercept them, as they were now thoroughly alarmed, and were rushing through grass so high that I could only see the tops of their backs. Suddenly an old female saw me or smelt me, and came charging at me through the grass.

To run would have been dangerous, as there were no trees for shelter, so I waited until I could see her eyes. On she came, and when she was not more than eight yards from me I planted a ball between her eyes; but to my horror she did not fall.

There was a stream behind me and the hop, skip and jump I made over it would, I think, have brought me a prize at any athletic game. There is nothing like an enraged elephant at one's back to ensure a long jump.

As I leaped I looked over my shoulder to see if the beast was upon me, and I found she had fallen dead. I recrossed the stream, and with my other barrel knocked over another which was endeavoring to pass its fallen companion. The rest of the herd rapidly dispersed, and I was glad to find that none of the tame animals had received any injury.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods. *

Aluminium Teeth.

London Industries says: "The list of new uses of aluminium, as of electricity, continues to rapidly extend. The metal is said to serve excellently as a tooth-stopping medium. It does not darken, as do other materials used for this purpose. Whole sets of teeth, indeed, have, it is averred, been experimentally made of aluminium, the result of which has been to place before the bloodthirsty dentist for solution the problem of rendering the metal grinder the color of the natural molar."

Lime Juice.

Lime juice is very similar to lemon juice in its nature, and is sold in the market by the bottle. It is generally acknowledged to be an antidote for scurvy, and by English law it is rendered compulsory for every ship to take on board lime or lemon juice. For the navy the admiralty use lemon juice only. The constant use of lime or lemon juice of good quality will greatly discourage a variety of complaints, such as dyspepsia, bilious disorders, etc., which the present luxurious state of living on liberal flesh, alcoholic diet, without its corrective aid, greatly fosters. This vegetable acid should be placed on the dinner table instead of the vinegar bottle, and as regularly as salt, while as an ingredient for sauce, for almost every kind of food, it has no equal. As a salad dressing, to mix with oil, it is more wholesome than vinegar.

Good Reason for Being Honest.

H. W. P., a lawyer of this city, discovered, on returning from a bank one day, that the teller, in cashing some railway bond coupons, had overpaid him $200. He sent back the money to the bank. One day, in speaking of the incident to a millionaire client, the latter exclaimed: "You are a fool! What did you do that for? I wouldn't have done it. The banks never rectify errors in their favor." "I don't know about that," replied Mr. P., "but I happened to be laboring under a disadvantage. I have to shave myself; and, you see, I would not like to look in the glass every morning and see a scoundrel."—Boston Transcript.

What Do You Take

Medicine for? Because you are sick and want to get well, or because you wish to prevent illness. Then remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all diseases caused by impure blood and debility of the system. It is not what its proprietors say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Be sure to get Hood's, and only Hood's.

Purely vegetable—HOOD'S PILLS—25c.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

GILLETT'S

PURE POWDERED 100%

LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 10 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

TRADE MARK

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

PRICE $1.00

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

63½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. mar1

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

Miles from Wellington.	No. 3 Passenger Friday, Saturday & Sunday.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Friday, Saturday & Sunday.
	8.00P M	Ar.		Lv.	4.45P M
2.36	8.36	12.26P M	VICTORIA	12.00	4.20
4.27	8.57	12.46	BRIELLES	11.40	3.59
6.57	9.27	1.16	ESQUIMALT	11.10	3.29
8.57	9.57	1.46	GOLDSTREAM	10.40	3.00
10.57	10.27	2.16	SOOKE RIVER	10.10	2.30
12.57	10.57	2.46	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	9.40	2.00
15.57	11.27	3.16	KOKSILAH	9.10	1.30
17.57	11.57	3.46	DUNCANS	8.40	1.00
20.57	12.27	4.16	SOMENOS	8.10	12.30
23.57	12.57	4.46	CHEMAINUS	7.40	12.00
27.57	1.37	5.26	OYSTER BAY SIDING	7.00	11.20
32.57	2.27	6.16	NANAIMO	6.10	10.30
34.57	2.57	6.46	WELLINGTON	5.40	10.00
	Lv.	Ar.		Dp.	Ar.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

Miles from Victoria.	No. 4 Passenger Friday, Saturday & Sunday.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Friday, Saturday & Sunday.
	1.00P M	Dp.		Ar.	5.00P M
2.00	3.00	8.00A M	WELLINGTON	4.15	2.15
4.30	3.30	8.30	NANAIMO	3.45	1.45
7.30	4.00	9.00	OYSTER BAY SIDING	3.15	1.15
11.30	4.30	9.30	CHEMAINUS	2.45	12.45
13.30	4.57	9.57	SOMENOS	2.18	12.18
15.30	5.24	10.24	DUNCANS	1.51	11.51
17.30	5.54	10.54	KOKSILAH	1.21	11.21
20.30	6.24	11.24	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	12.51	10.51
23.30	6.54	11.54	SOOKE RIVER	12.21	10.21
27.30	7.34	12.34P M	GOLDSTREAM	11.41	9.41
29.30	8.04	1.04	ESQUIMALT	11.11	9.11
31.30	8.34	1.34	BRIELLES	10.41	8.41
33.30	8.54	1.54	VICTORIA	10.21	8.21
	Ar.	Lv.		Ar.	Lv.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,

Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2:30 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 18 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

Umatilla - - - Sept. 6

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Great Overland Route

QUICKEST AND SHORTEST

To All Points East and South.

UNSURPASSED SCENERY, ROADBED, EQUIPMENT.

No dust, through Pullman Cars and elegant Tourist Cars on all trains.

Special Through Rates

To and from any part of Europe by all transatlantic lines.

Intending travellers should take advantage of the very low rates offered by the C.P.R. to eastern points.

Banff National Park Excursion Tickets

Good for 60 days to Banff and return during summer months,

ONLY $30.00

Grand fishing and shooting, Okanagan Lake, Kootenay, Steamer "Aberdeen" running from Okanagan Landing to Penticton Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply to

G. L. COURTNEY, Agent C.P.R.,
Cor. Government and Fort streets.

GEO. McG. BROWN,
Dist. Passenger Agent,
Vancouver.

— THE —

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of novel equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, built that can be comfortably occupied, and in which accommodations are offered to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any Ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route: S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON,"				TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	Mi	...Tacoma...	110	Ar 5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	26	...Seattle...	82	Lv 3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	36	Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria!...	36	Lv 8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

11 00 pm	Lv	Mi			A		
12 30 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	56	Ar		pm
	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10	pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv		
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00	am
4 00 am	Lv	72	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00	am
6 00 am	Ar	80	Pt. Townsend	80	Lv	8 00	am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
121 Pine Washington, Portland, Or.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent,
No. 1100 Pacific Ave.
Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Pgt. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Comox for Vaudes Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, at the Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Alameda..... Thursday, 21st Sept., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

FOR HONOLULU,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,000 tons) Saturday, September 30, 1893, 2 p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

SHORT LINE EAST AND WEST

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago and the East save one night of travel via this route.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8.30 p.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and the East.

The only trans-continental line running Buffet cars, containing bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first-class coaches, and free tourist sleepers.

Direct connections made at Westminster with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

C. A. HATTRAY,
General Agent,
Adolphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.

F. I. WHITNEY,
G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wenda, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 139 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT,
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 82.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.—Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.—Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Dougherty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting Brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A.M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy13 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 12, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday in every month, at Capitol Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited.
1-19 E. LANGLEY, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight s cordially invited to attend. E. FERDINAL, C. of R. & S. oct3

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Gentlemen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 2, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

Office Removal.

DR. GARROW has severed his connection with the W. H. Keeley Gold Cure Co'y, and will in future devote all his time to general practice. Office in Clarence Block, over Hall & Co'y's Drug store. au21

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting as a Licensing Court for a transfer to Robert Greaves of my interest in the license issued to Harry Brice and myself for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the "American Hotel" situate upon the south side of Yates street in the City of Victoria.
Dated this 7th day of August, 1893.
a7-1m ROBERT DUDGEON.

Temple Emanu-El,
Cor. Blanchard and Pandora Sts.

Pews and Seats can now be obtained for the coming Holidays. Applications for same will be received by the Board of Trustees at the Temple, on Wednesday evening next, from 8 to 9 o'clock, and on Sunday next from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; also at the store of E. Frank, Esq., Government Street, during the present week.
N. E. REINHARDT,
Secry. Con. Emanu-el.
(Colonist copy.)

AMUSEMENTS.

WONDERFUL MUSICAL PRODIGIES.

THE BEASY CHILDREN
CONCERT COMPANY
Have been engaged by the Directors of the Royal Jubilee Hospital, to give two of their Celebrated Concerts, at the

VICTORIA THEATRE
Friday and Saturday, Sept. 8 and 9,
IN AID OF THE HOSPITAL FUNDS.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS, GALLERY, 25 CENTS, RESERVED SEATS AT JAMIESON'S.

H. M. YATES,
Secretary.
S2

Delsarte
College of Oratory
FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President,
(President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)
Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture.
School of Physical Culture.
School of Dramatic Art.
School of Belles Lettres.
Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

CANVASSER WANTED at 47 Fort St. s2-4t

DRESSMAKING by the day by a competent dressmaker. All work guaranteed. Address Miss La Mont, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. s2-6t

STRAYED—A Japanese pug. The finder will be rewarded if the dog is returned to 78 Pandora Ave. s2-3t

LOW CHARGES and good workmanship are the inducements that bring the people to Thos. W. Pierce, Jewell Block, 74 Douglas street, to have their clothes cleaned, dyed, or repaired. s2-3t

WANTED—Situation as dressmaker by one who uses a tailor's system of cutting; best of references. Address B. McLeod, 2488 Archer Ave., Chicago, Ill., U.S.A. s31-4t

FOR SALE—40 acres near Cobble Hill Station, small house, a few acres cleared. Price $400, payable $50 cash. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s24

FOR SALE—Two storey new house, 5 rooms; near Saanich road, tramway line. Price reduced from $1200 to $900, payable $100 cash, balance to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s25

WANTED—500 men to insure their houses in the Scottish Union & National Insurance Co. More & Co., agents. s25

WANTED—A woman servant, about middle aged, who can cook. Apply at 153 Blanchard street. s21-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS to let. Apply 112 Chatham street. s3-tf

TO LET—Whole or part of furnished house to let near sea and car line. Apply L. Times office. s3-1m

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co., P. O. box, 428, City. s29-1m

TO LET—The dining room of a central hotel, having a good permanent and transient trade. An excellent opportunity for persons of experience having moderate means. Suitable for a married couple or a lady with grown up daughters. For particulars address H. B., Times office. s3-1m

FOR SALE—At a bargain; choice small farm, 30 acres on South Saanich Road; improved. Good hard finished dwelling house, barns and other outbuildings; good land; orchard of 100 trees; price $3,500, $1500 cash, balance on time for two years at 8 per cent. For particulars apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government St. s3-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply B., this office. je9-tf

TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to
H. M. YATES,
Secretary,
P. O. Box 551, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.
Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893.
a31-1m (Colonist copy.)

Naval Contract for Lumber, &c.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Thursday, 14th September, instant, for supplying such quantities of lumber as may be required for naval purposes.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.
J. W. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, Etc.
Royal Naval Yard,
Esquimalt, 1 September, 1893. S1-1d

Pharmaceutical Association of British Columbia
EXAMINATIONS.

The Semi-Annual Examination for diploma as Licentiate of Pharmacy will take place on the 3rd and 4th days of October, 1893.
All intending candidates must notify the Registrar on or before Sept. 19th, two weeks before this examination.
Candidates for registration on Diplomas from other Associations must deposit same with the Registrar before Sept. 17th.
Further particulars may be had from
CHARLES NELSON,
Sec.-Registrar.
P.O. Box 58, Vancouver, B.C.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
Splendid Summer Resort.
Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KOENIG,
ja25-1m Proprietor.

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

MR. DAVIE IN CARIBOO.

The Hon. Theodore Davie—Premier and Attorney-General, as the organ, with much unction, is pleased to describe him—left Victoria on Sunday morning for Cariboo. The visit has a two-fold object. Ostensibly, Mr. Davie is wanted in Cariboo to attend to the law business of the crown; in reality his presence, at a time when the election of a member of the legislature is to be held, is required to reconcile the conflicting claims of friendly candidates and to ensure the success of a supporter's cause. The zeal of the Premier is commendable. As the leader of a government representing a minority, he sees that it is necessary if he is to remain in power, to hold the vantage ground he now occupies in the outlying and thinly populated constituencies. It would be a serious blow were Cariboo to return an Opposition candidate, or even an Independent, which is an Oppositionist in thin disguise. The Premier has none of the qualities of leadership, save pertinacity of purpose and fighting proclivities of a decidedly ferocious character. These are not very high qualifications, it is true, but they are better than none at all. Were Mr. Davie not a "fighter" he would not have gone to Cariboo. The leaders of both parties have been content hitherto to confine their efforts to the narrow precincts of their own parishes, with the result that to-day there is no organization of their "followers," no cohesion or unity of action. Provincial politics have degenerated into local rivalries, subordinated only, at the by-elections in rural constituencies, to the general demand for increased appropriations from the Provincial treasury.

We are not finding fault with Mr. Davie for visiting Kootenay and Cariboo in the capacity of a missionary. Leading politicians of the other two parties might follow his example with advantage to the province. The old plan of giving attention only to the cities won the Opposition side a majority of the people, but the government, by "cultivating" the small boroughs, retained a majority of the constituencies. We think, therefore, that it is unfortunate that an Opposition speaker did not accompany Mr. Davie in his electioneering tour, for it is absurd to suppose that the Premier will place the political issues fairly before the electors. Besides, if the Opposition cause is worth fighting for, and we believe it is, it should be fought for in every constituency in the province.

ALD. BAKER RESIGNS.

After practically disfranchising the ward which elected him for some time, Ald. Baker has at last resigned as an alderman. It is stated that Mr. Baker will divest himself of his interest in the Adams contract and seek re-election, but it will be a serious reflection on the electors of the ward if they should allow a man to be elected who, while occupying a seat in the council, supplied large quantities of brick to another carrying on a contract with the corporation to construct a sewer. We often hear comparisons between American officials and those of our own country to the disparagement of the former. Recently a councillor in Spokane, Washington, was arrested for being interested in a sewer contract with that city. Here in Victoria Mr. Baker has the audacity to again seek to become a member of the council.

Mr. Baker should bear in mind that if he is disqualified and obliged to resign, the fact of re-election will not relieve him from the pecuniary penalties he may have incurred by voting and sitting in the council since he began to supply bricks to the sewer contractor, Mr. Adams. Any ratepayer can put the law in motion.

Some aldermen consider that Messrs. Coughlan & Mayo did wrong in moving to unseat disqualified aldermen; but we are convinced that all right-thinking citizens will say that they have done the city a service in exposing the whole matter to the public.

CONSERVATIVE ALARM.

We observed a couple of letters in the Colonist of recent date from alarmed Conservatives, urging organization of the party before the general election, which will come within the next two years. Reading between the lines one could not help feeling that the writers—who are probably office-holders or pap-receivers—are beginning to realize that the current of public opinion in British Columbia has turned in favor of the Liberal cause. There are signs everywhere—in the columns of the Conservative press and wherever men discuss public affairs—that a great Liberal renaissance is at hand. The Conservative party, since the death of Sir John Macdonald, has been going to pieces, slowly but surely. Its policy of high taxation is in disfavor in every province of the Dominion. The corruption of its leaders, as shown by the scandals of the last two years, has alarmed honest Conservatives, and we see in the defection of able men like McCarthy the certain signs of an impending disruption. Instead of organizing to assist the cause of a party that ought to be destroyed, the Conservatives of British Columbia should combine to "turn the rascals out." Our people followed the old "chieftain" in his lifetime because they thought that his railway policy was better for the province and the dominion than the policy of Mr. Mackenzie. They never believed in the protective tariff. But the railway issue has been dead for a decade—the robber tariff, like the poor, we have always with us. The next election will be fought on the policy of the Liberal party, which has declared for taxation for revenue only. The talisman of a successful name has been lost to the Tories forever. The cry of the "old flag" will not again blind the people. The square issue must be faced—the policy of high taxation on the one hand or of low taxation on the other. On that issue there is no doubt as to where the people of British Columbia will stand. They are too a unit in favor of the policy enunciated by Mr. Laurier at the Ottawa convention. Why then should the Tories organize at all? To re-elect Col. Prior and Mr. Earle? Is it not more incumbent upon the Liberals to consider the welfare of our country and band themselves together in an organization that will be powerful enough to give effect to the views of the people? Honest Conservatives will assist them. The office-holders, the wire-pullers, the electioneering agents who fleece the government candidates, will still stick to their idols, it is true, but they are a miserable minority in comparison to the respectable men who gave their support to the government candidates, blindly it is true, but disinterestedly. The Times is in favor of the organization of a Liberal Association, with a broad, patriotic platform, on which the business men, the farmers, the workingmen and the professional men can find common standing ground. With such an organization in existence, a Liberal triumph, all along the line, in Victoria, Vancouver, Yale, New Westminster and Burrard, is assured.

Drink in Rural England.

There is a sort of temptation which some people seem to think exists only in cities—the temptation of drunkenness. Such people are the victims of an extraordinary delusion. In nine villages out of ten that is the only sort of amusement which the majority of the inhabitants have. Their one notion of enjoyment is to get drunk. It is not their fault—it is the only description which offers. There must be many villages in which every inhabitant, at some period or other of his life, was a habitual drunkard—that is, he got drunk whenever he got the chance. Of what city in the world could you say that?

I was once in a village on the Welsh coast. The Welsh, I have been informed, are a sober people, and so some of them may be. A certain wicked traveller chanced to come that way. According to his own account he had "struck oil" in the Western States of America—and, possibly, he had "struck" some peculiar notions, too. For a whole week he "stood Sam" at the local hostelry to everybody who chose to come and drink.

For a whole week every soul in the place, to all intents and purposes, was drunk—all the men, many of the women and some of the children. The occasion offered and they rose to it. They had never enjoyed themselves so much in their lives—that being their idea of enjoyment. No doubt, to this hour, many of those amusement-seekers look back to that week as being the most amusing week they ever spent.

I know, or rather I used to know, a village in Devonshire in which every able-bodied man used to subscribe regularly to a common fund. It was an ancient custom and possibly still survives. To what purpose do you suppose that fund was applied? To make every subscriber—that is, every able-bodied man in the place—drunk, dead drunk, I fancy, but certainly drunk, on cider on certain appointed high days and holidays!

Talk of the temptation which a great city offers to a countryman to fall into drinking habits. What singular notions some folks seem to have.—All the Year Round.

True Philanthropy.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to anyone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—
MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 148, Detroit, Mich.

AMONG THE ART TREASURES

Famous Pictures by Celebrated Painters—Canadian Exhibitors.

ELIZABETH THOMPSON'S "ROLL CALL"

The Original "Bubbles," "The Harvest Moon," "Lingering Autumn" and Other Great Paintings—The Human Nature of Russian Youth.

(From our own Correspondent.)

In Richard's "Old Ocean's Grey and Melancholy Waste nothing but a wide expanse of sea is to be seen. But as we look the whole canvas seems to be moving, so life-like are the waves. We look and listen; the busy, jostling crowd around is forgotten, and in the distance we can hear the gentle lapping of the incoming wave upon the sand, and then the low, faint gurgle as the spent water rolls back over the pebbles. It is very real. In the British section are representative pictures by Sir Frederick Leighton, Alma Tadema and David Murray. The chief Canadian exhibitors are: C. Ahrens, Toronto; F. M. Bell-Smith, Toronto; W. Brymner, Montreal; H. De Forest, St. John; E. Dyonnet, Montreal; J. Franchere, Montreal; O. Jacobs, Toronto; O. Leduc, St. Hilaire; O. Pinkey, Quebec, and C. Schreiber, Ontario. In the British section are old Windsor tapestries exhibited with the approval of Her Majesty. Here also are two fine statues. The one represents Henry Irving as Hamlet; the other is Morpheus, the dreamy god, with his hands lazily uplifted above his head. I defy any one to look at it for 25 minutes without yawning. Twenty minutes' contemplation of it will cure the most pronounced case of insomnia. In the whole British section the only battle scene is Elizabeth Thompson's "Roll Call," lent by the Queen. The coloring is very sombre, so that the steel engravings we so often see of it are faithful color copies. It is a grand picture. After looking at it for half an hour or more I seemed to have the expression of the different faces firmly fixed on my mental vision. I might close my eyes at will and conjure up that row of earnest faces as each soldier fell into line. Here, too, is another old favorite, no less a personage than Millais' "Bubbles," kindly loaned by the Pears' Soap Co. The sweet little upturned face, the broken flower-pot, the soap suds bowl and the vanishing bubble look quite familiar. I had heard once that the little chap who sat as model for "Bubbles" had four or five "fights to a finish" with school fellows who would persist in hailing him as "Bubbles" on the king's highway, against his express wish, thereby wounding the budding dignity of 13. I looked again at his sweetly contemplative face and tried to fit it into the story. Then I called to mind Dickens' vivid description of Pip's fight, and thought that there is a point where endurance ceases to be a virtue. There is a point where we would fight ourselves—we'll not judge Bubbles. I had often admired an etching, "The Harvest Moon," and was delighted to stumble upon the original picture in all its beautifully-vivid autumn coloring. The companion piece, "Girls Dancing by the Sea," is also shown. Another oil painting, "Lingering Autumn," by Sir John Millais, is lent by George McCulloch, Esq. Looking at this canvas we see a low meadow covered with browning grass and in the distant low banks of white cloud surmounted by a pale blue sky. A brook with many branches crosses and recrosses the valley. In the centre is a little bridge, and willows sprring up from the swampy ground. A wee bare-footed girl with short dress and blue pinafore is tripping across, carrying in one hand a heavy tin of water and looking far off into the misty distance. The whole effect is one of peaceful repose. In the Russian section is a pleasing plaster group called the "Bathers." One boy sits on the rock with his arms folded over his knees, his shoulders hunched up, contemplating the water. His companion stands by his side with such a comical look on his face anticipating the cold plunge which the other is in no hurry to take. Human nature in a young Russian does not differ materially from the human nature that crops out of any boy, never mind where you find him. An oil painting, "Before the Exam." is laid in Russian interior. A box of bones is on the floor. There are three girls in the room. One sits in a deep window ledge with her books on her knee. Another leans over a table, resting her head on her elbow, a big book spread open before her. The third is in the foreground and looks discouraged. She holds a skull in her hands and an open book in her lap. Evidently she can't find in the skull what the text book calls for. My whole heart went out to her in sympathy. I had just been up to exam. myself, and, well— I'd rather look at pictures. This is the last one I can try to describe, for any word-picture is weak as one looks at this speaking canvas. It comes from Sweden and is called "Wild Geese. We in British Columbia are often startled by the cry of wild geese, and, looking upward, we see long V-shaped files of these birds migrating, and sometimes perhaps we lazily wonder when and where they alight. Here is the place. The sky shows that it is near the hour of sunset. In the far distance stretches a low line of purple hills. Nearer the front of our picture is a winding blue river making its way slowly through a meadow field. On the ground half a dozen wild geese are greedily feeding. One, in the immediate foreground is just in the act of alighting, and, as we look along the slowly-descending line we catch the flutter of their outstretched wings and wonder that they are not afraid of us.

A. D. CAMERON.

Dongola Against Canoe.

The peaceful routine of the World's Fair life was interrupted one morning by an incident which sent a ripple of excitement over the grounds. On the shore of the South Pond, which connects on the north with the Lagoon, there is encamped a colony of the Haidah, or Quakuhl Indians, from Queen Charlotte and Vancouver Islands. They have their massive cabin dance house, tall totem poles and canoes conspicuously located along the shore. Some of the canoes, which are very large and are fashioned from the trunks of the huge trees indigenous in these islands, bear resemblance in form to the Venetian gondolas. The resemblance, however, is confined to contour, for while the gondolas are gorgeous with paint and plush upholstery, the Quakuhl craft are rude, weather-beaten craft.

On the morning above mentioned, Hawmissati, chief of the Quakuhls, had gone out in his canoe for a constitutional along the Lagoon. Paddling leisurely along with Hisyulsh, his nephew, in the bow, the chieftain viewed with surprise the majestic buildings around him and bowed reverentially to the golden statue of the republic as he entered the great basin, probably thinking it an idol.

Presently at the west end of the basin a gondola, manipulated by two athletic gondoliers named Giuseppe Martino and Enrico Salini, shot out from beneath the bridge and glided swiftly past the dreaming Quakuhls.

Their gay appearance roused the patriotic pride of Hawmissati. Grasping the paddle firmly he made a sign to his nephew, and soon the black craft swept up to the gondola. The Venetians saw the movement, and a race ensued which enlisted the attention of thousands along the basin.

For a time the two boats were nose and nose, on an easterly course. It was curious to note the different action of the rowers. The gondoliers made long steady strokes with their oars, feathering them in the water, while the Indians, on their knees, caused their short paddles nervously until the foam rippled in white streaks from the bow of the canoe.

The Venetians in their gorgeous costumes shouted excitedly, but the Indians, stolid as a totem pole, uttered never a word. Several electric launches and gondolas followed in the wake of the racers.

Down the basin and past the golden statue went Indians and Venetians. The gondola reached the tunnel first and went through ahead. The boats then entered the south pond and made for the Quakuhl village. The gondola crept steadily ahead, for the rough-hewn canoe could not be forced throught the water like the painted craft of Venice. When the village was reached the gondola was a dozen lengths in advance. The time from the middle of the north end of the agricultural building to the village was seven minutes for the gondola and seven minutes and thirty seconds for the canoe.

When Hawmissati landed he walked along to the gondola and looked at it attentively for some time. But he is understood to declare emphatically that he has another canoe, bearing the poetical name of the Foam of the Sea, which no gondola can pass.

Race Hatred in Austria.

An incident which has just happened at Prague, the capital of Bohemia, illustrates the violent hatred which the Germans and Czechs entertain against one another. It shows how the incessant battle is carried on, not only in politics, but in small things also. In Prague Germans have lived for well nigh a thousand years, and for centuries culture and customs have been purely German, while up to this date the educated classes are exclusively German. It was with the view of offending the Germans that the town council, which consists of Czechs only, resolved to take down the plates with the names on the streets in the two languages, which have always been used, and to put up Czech names only. No one believed at first that this ridiculous plan would be carried into effect till a few days ago, when a number of men were set to work to take down the plates and substitute them for Czech inscriptions. Then the governor of the Province interfered and prohibited the arrangement altogether, declaring that as Prague was the capital of a country inhabited by two peoples, with equal political rights, the town council had violated the constitution by precluding one from using its language in a public matter. The governor's prohibition caused intense irritation among the Czechs of Prague, and the town council immediately resolved to appeal to the ministry against the governor's decree.

Oil in the Nursery.

It is a difficult task, I know, in this hot weather, to treat little children properly. The best thing, of course, is to feed them on light, seasonable food. Keep them clean, give them all the fresh air possible and pester them with as little clothes as our conventional ideas permit. Shampooing with oil is often very beneficial in sickness—the sickness of children, I mean. In fact, "anointing with oil," so often referred to in the Bible, is pregnant with meaning if we read it aright. In these dog days, when the little majesties of the nursery require so much bathing and the use of soap to make them clean, and the skin is apt to become dry and hard from loosening the oil nature has supplied to it, the babies will be made healthier and happier by the application of a little olive oil. Rub it all over the body gently with the palm of the hand. This supplies the needed softness and opens the pores. It is often useful, too, as a remedy in serious illness. A London hospital nurse once told me that she believed she had saved the life of a little diphtheritic patient by its use. He had been given up by the doctor, and as he lay on her lap in a burning fever, with his poor little body quivering and tortured, his half-opened eyes and quick breathing betokened his dreadful sufferings, it came to her like an inspiration that a bath of olive oil might at least relieve his extreme sufferings. Spreading a soft blanket on her lap she removed her clothing and very gently bathed him all over with the oil, rubbing gently down the spine. In a few moments he looked in her face with the first sign of recognition and said: "Poor me eden, p'ease, color me eden." Then closed his eyes with a sigh of relief and sank into a sweet and natural slumber, and awoke in the morning free from the fever.

Cheapest House in Canada
For boots and shoes. Russell, McDonald & Co.

Don't overlook the fine lunch at the Bodega, 7 p.m. till 2 p.m.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

TO STUDY AT LEIPSIC.

Miss Adams Leaves the Conservatory of Music to Pursue Her Work There.

Miss Laura N. Adams has disposed of the Conservatory of Music to Miss H. N. Sharpe, and will leave probably to-morrow morning for Europe. She will be absent for three years, and will study music at Leipsic, but will visit other European cities noted for their musical seminaries. Miss Adams is devoted to music. Although it has been a life-long study and practice with her and she has a reputation equal to any one in this province, she is ever ready to learn more. Miss Adams' Victoria friends are proud of her attainments and will watch with interest her progress in Leipsic. Miss Sharpe, who succeeds to the management of the Conservatory of Music, is a teacher of ability, both on the piano and of vocal music. She was the pupil of the best masters in America, and has successfully taught in New York and Fredericton, N.B., her native city. She is very highly recommended. Miss Walker will assist in the piano teaching. The teaching staff at the Conservatory will be the same as before, with perhaps some additions.

HALL GAINS THE DAY.

He Did Not Assault Major Wilkins—A Batch of Drunks.

There was another party of Indian drunks in the police court this morning. Jack and Ben, west coast Indians, were each fined $5 and costs for being drunk. John, Indian, was fined $25 and $1 costs for being in possession of an intoxicant. Susan, klootchman, also had whiskey in her possession. She was on the Indian reservation. Susan said her man had beaten her and sent for the whiskey and that under fear she had obtained it. She showed to the court a broken wrist which she said her man had caused. The court considering the circumstances discharged the prisoner and requested the police to make enquiries about the husband. Major Wilkins charged Wm. Hall with assault. Wilkins was the keeper of a Pandora avenue boarding house and Hall a boarder. August 30 last the alleged assault was committed. Wilkins was selling out his place and Auctioneer Furnival was conducting the sale. Hall asked for his trunks during the sale. Wilkins said that he wanted $4.50 room rent and would not let the boxes go. Wilkins then went to talk to the auctioneer and Hall coming up behind him struck him in the back and knocked him into the arms of Auctioneer Furnival. Hall also challenged Wilkins to fight and the disturbance caused a crowd to gather. Later in the day Hall came and took his trunks by force with the aid of an expressman. This was substantially the story as told by Major Wilkins. In cross-examination by S. Perry Mills, Wilkins said that Hall had rented the room at $6 a month and had paid him up to Aug. 6. Hall owed him three weeks rent at the time of the sale. Mr. Mills asked witness if he did not say that Hall was frightened to go back to England for fear of serving seven years. Witness replied that he advised Hall not to go back.

Mr. Mills said that he would give witness same advice.

Witness said that he would be gladly received in England and told Mr. Mills that he was very insulting. Mr. Mills said he knew what manner of man was the witness.

Auctioneer Furnival corroborated the story of Major Wilkins falling into his arms. Under cross-examination witness said that he did not see the fight but heard Wilkins say something about Hall going to England to serve seven years.

Mrs. Wilkins testified that she saw Hall holding his fists in a fighting attitude and saw her husband raising himself as if he had been knocked down.

Wm. Hall said he rented his room monthly and did not pay in advance. He denied that he struck Wilkins and said he only pushed him away. Witness said Wilkins stole a box of tea from a Chinaman. Wilkins threatened to kill him and told one of the boarders to bring an ambulance for with one fell blow of his mighty right arm he would paralyze witness.

The last remark caused much merriment in court.

Mr. Olive, a former boarder in the house, said Wilkins had often threatened to thrash Hall.

Mr. Mills claimed that no assault was committed by Hall. Hall acted in self-defense.

The court stated that he could not satisfy himself that an assault had been committed. The language used by Wilkins was sufficient to warrant Hall in pushing Wilkins away.

Charles Wilson, convicted of obtaining $1 from an Indian under false pretenses, was sentenced to a month in jail.

Another Carload

Of boots and shoes has arrived for Russell, McDonald & Co. from their Quebec factory.

National Business College.

47 Government street, Victoria, B. C., Best methods taught in bookkeeping, penmanship, arithmetic, shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, etc. Day and night school. Circulars free. *

Epworth League Officers.

At a largely attended meeting of the Epworth League of the Centennial Methodist church the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months: Miss McNair, president; Mr. H. G. Hall, vice-president of the Christian Endeavor department; Miss Tranter, religious department; Mr. Henry, literary department; Mr. Johns, social department; Wm. Shakespeare, secretary; Miss Hall, treasurer. On the retirement of Mr. Thomas from the position of president during the last six months a hearty vote of thanks was extended to him for his faithful services and in response he attributed the growth and success of the league work more to the faithful services of its co-workers than to anything he had done.

Ladies' French Kid Button Shoes $1.75, at Russell & McDonald's.

Electro Silver Plating and Gilding.

Old plated ware made equal to the best plate and warranted at 47 Fort street. T. W. Fletcher's.

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora.

Both Agreed to It.

One subject was discussed at two meetings held last evening. The board of aldermen decided not to pay the money for the school sites to the trustees until they agreed to deed the property over to the city. The trustees were meeting at the same time, and they decided to deed the property to the city.

Highland School Opened.

The Highland school was formally opened yesterday with a total attendance of 15 pupils and with Miss Fraser in charge. It is expected that the attendance will shortly be increased to nearly double what it is now. The opening of the school will be a great boon to all in the neighborhood, for the need was felt for some time. Messrs. Scaife, McClure and Dennis are the trustees.

To Attend the Synod Meeting.

Bishop Perrin left this morning for Toronto to attend a special meeting of the Synod of the Church of England in Canada. The meeting is being held to discuss the consolidation of the church in Canada. This has been accomplished with the exception of a few dioceses, British Columbia being among the latter. The bishop appointed Rev. G. W. Taylor of St. Barnabas' Church and Dr. Praeger of Nanaimo delegates to the Synod meeting. The bishop will return from Toronto about September 24.

The Umatilla's Narrow Escape.

On the last passage of the Umatilla to San Francisco off Cape Flattery the steamer Barracouta, in a dense fog, through a mistake of signals, nearly ran into the Umatilla. The signal for passing on the port side is one whistle; also the usual signal in a fog is to blow one whistle at frequent intervals. Thus the mistake occurred. One lady fainted when she opened her cabin door and saw the steamer only a few feet distant. Others screamed. The Barracouta passed the stern of the Umatilla, missing her by only a few inches.

Dinner at the Vienna.

Dinner served at the Vienna, Wilson Block, Yates street, to-night at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents.

Rice and Tomato Soup.
Consomme with Noodles.

Boiled Salmon, Egg Sauce.
Sliced Tomatoes.

Shortbreads with mushrooms.
Boiled Mutton with Caper Sauce.

Spring Chicken with Dressing.
Prime Ribs of Beef.

String Beans. Green Corn.

Prune Tart, Apple Pie.

Cheese. Fruit.

Coffee, Tea or Milk.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Justice Walkem heard a number of cases in Chambers to-day, among which were the following:

In the matter of the payment of the 1891 modus vivendi awards for losses sustained by British sealinxg vessels in Behring Sea

And in the matter of the "Trustees' Relief Act."

And in the matter of the Eliza Edwards.

This matter came before the court in the form of a petition by the Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation (limited), a body corporate of Huddersfield, England, praying that the sum of $3,867 awarded by the Imperial government to the owners of the Eliza Edwards and paid into court to the credit of the above-mentioned matter by Collector Milne and Marine Agent Gaudin, be paid over to the petitioners. Those interested in the schooner appear to be the following: The Pacific Traders' and Navigation Co. (limited), Vancouver; G. A. Fraser & Co., Vancouver; Oppenheimer Bros., Captain Turner, of H. M. S. Nymphe; the Imperial Bank of Canada, and the above-named petitioners. On June 2, 1891, a mortgage on 64 shares in the Eliza Edwards was given to J. Van Brunner for $2,500, which mortgage was by him assigned for $2,500 to the petitioners. Subsequently the petitioners attached $700 in the hands of B. Springer on account of ship's indebtedness, and in consideration of the release of this $700 the owners assigned to the petitioners all sums that might be awarded by the Imperial government to the owners of the Eliza Edwards under the modus vivendi of 1891. This sum is found to be $3,867. The case was adjourned until the next sitting. Mr. McPhillips for the petitioners; Mr. Prior for the Pacific Traders' Co., and Mr. Helmcken for Milne and Gaudin.

Davies v. McMillan—Application of plaintiff that $852.92, paid by him to defendant on May 10th, 1892, being defendant's taxed costs pursuant to judgment of the Full Court of British Columbia, be repaid to him and that execution issue. Adjourned.

Turner v. Prevost et al.—Application of plaintiff to review taxation. Dismissed with costs.

Brackman & Ker v. Mawdesly—Application of plaintiff to sign final judgment. Granted.

The application of the Bowker Park Co. (limited), the purchasers of the lands directed to be sold in the action of Lauminister v. Bowker, that a person be appointed to convey the land to the purchasers, the defendant having refused to execute a conveyance, stands over.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

BOARD OF TRADE.

Reistration of Partners' Act to be Introduced to the Legislature.

INTERNATIONAL SHOW AT TASMANIA

English Capitalists Disposed to Erect Cold Storage Warehouses in the Provincial Cities—Landlords' and Tenants' Act Complained of by Merchants.

Several matters of importance were brought up at a meeting of the council of the B. C. Board of Trade, held this morning. There were present: President Flummerfelt, in the chair, and Messrs. T. B. Hall, H. F. Heisterman, G. Leiser, A. E. Belyea, C. E. Renouf and H. E. Connon.

A letter from the Postmaster-General was read. He stated that the government had no objections to the N. P. R. steamers carrying mail from the Orient, but it was a matter for the Oriental countries to deal with.

Mr. H. E. Connon said the matter had evidently been misunderstood. The N. P. R. steamers do carry mail from the Orient, but the company wished to carry mail to the Orient and be paid sea-going rates for it. At present mail is sent to San Francisco, and the steamers are paid sea-going rates for it.

The matter will be referred to the department in the way explained by Mr. Connon.

Gordon Hunter wrote stating that he had been requested by the attorney-general to acknowledge the letter of the board, and to say that the government would introduce a bill at the next session of the legislature providing for the registration of partnerships. Received and filed.

The Sherbrooke and Saginaw boards of trade promised to lend their aid to encourage trade between Canada and Australia.

The San Francisco chamber of commerce asked the board to co-operate with them in their endeavor to have the Nicaragua canal constructed. The letter was acknowledged and the secretary was instructed to notify the writer that the board recognized the benefit that would result from the construction of the canal.

Jas. Huddart expressed his sorrow that the name of Victoria was not mentioned in his company's pamphlet, but promised to bring it forward in matter to be printed. He urged the board to continue to foster trade between Canada and the Australian colonies. Received and filed.

An Australian commercial company wrote requesting the board to become a subscriber. The company will be notified that the board were pleased with the offer and that possibly individual members would subscribe.

The letter as follows was read by the secretary:

Melbourne, Aug. 4, 1893.

The Secretary of the Board of Trade, British Columbia:

Sir,—Mr. R. Parker, of the firm of Messrs. Huddart, Parker & Co., who have lately established direct steam communications between the Australian colonies and your country, has furnished me with your name as secretary of the Board of Trade of British Columbia, and I take the liberty of addressing you in regard to certain information I desire to obtain.

It is proposed to hold an International exhibition in Hobart, Tasmania, in the latter part of next year, and it has suggested itself to me that merchants and manufacturers of your Canadian colonies might be induced to send exhibits there as a means of bringing their manufactures prominently before the Australian people, and to the furtherance of an interchange of commerce.

As an exhibitor's representative I desire to bring this exhibition directly under the notice of your commercial community, and to enable me to do this I would ask you to be so good as to supply me with the names and addresses of those whom you consider would be likely to entertain my proposal, either by means of a business directory or other list as will be sufficient for my purpose.

I would also ask whether your board would be prepared to render me assistance by taking such steps as would be necessary to induce the co-operation of individual firms, with a view to the exhibits being fully representative of your industries as exhibited as a whole. If so I will be pleased to furnish you with all details and necessary information for your assistance in bringing the matter to a successful issue.

I may say that Messrs. Huddart, Parker & Co. have promised their help as far as possible through their agent at Vancouver, and as they have a line of steamers running from Sidney to Hobart, through bills of lading could be issued, and, I have no doubt, special concessions made in freight on exhibits.

Should your board, however, be disinclined or unable to take this up, I should esteem it a favor if you can give me any information or suggestions as will assist me in securing this co-operation, for I am assured that if firms can be induced to enter into the spirit of the thing it will greatly assist towards opening up commercial trading between us, and my utmost endeavors will be to further their interests in this direction, not merely at the exhibition, but in business which may be the outcome of it.

I am sending under separate cover, for your information, a schedule and prospectus of the exhibition, also a copy of a circular, and would be glad if you will favor me with a reply by first opportunity. I shall be in Melbourne for some months hence, therefore please send your letter to the undermentioned address. I am, sir,

Yours truly,
W. G. ANDREWARTHA.

The exhibition was endorsed by the board and the secretary requested to supply the writer with all the information he could. Intending exhibitors are requested to communicate with the B.C. board.

Mr. Renouf was of opinion that this exhibition would give Canadian, and especially British Columbian, manufacturers a good opportunity to bring their goods to notice in the colonies. He suggested that the legislature be requested to take the matter up.

The following letter was read:

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 24, 1893.

The President of the Board of Trade, Victoria, B. C.:

Sir,—I am authorized to inform you that a syndicate of English capitalists are disposed to undertake the erection and maintenance of cold storage warehouses at Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster (at either of these places or at all of them) if reasonable prospects can be shown that the volume of business in perishable foods likely to pass through the warehouses annually will be such as would warrant their erection, and also if sufficient inducement is extended towards the enterprise to insure, at least, a moderate interest on the capital necessarily embarked.

The importance and present pressing need of cold storage at these ports must be apparent to the business men represented by your board. Few cities of any importance are without cold storage, and wherever they have been established the results in the development of business in perishable foods and in other businesses, have been extremely satisfactory.

The beneficial effects produced by the introduction of cold storage establishments in all the principal cities of the world are universally admitted; not only do they increase the commercial importance of the cities, but they enhance their value as places of residence. The preservation of meat, fish, game, fruit, vegetables, butter, poultry and all sorts of perishable foods in quantities, and in prime condition, and which can be drawn upon at all seasons of the year as needed, must necessarily increase the comfort and health of the citizens as well as cheapen the food supplied, while the facilities for exporting the surplus products in these cities increases the volume of trade to a very marked degree.

In order to make the introduction of cold storage a success the business must be gone into on a scale commensurate with not only the present needs but the future possibilities of the cities, and this necessarily involves the expenditure and command of large capital. The employment of large capital for enterprises of this kind also involves great risk, and the subject is one not lightly to be gone into and demands careful consideration, as a cold storage is like an elevator for grain; once located it cannot be pulled to pieces or removed, and in order to be made to pay and to meet the requirements of the trade, nothing short of complete arrangements are necessary.

The growing importance of Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster is becoming more apparent every day, and the need for cold storage has become essential to develop and maintain the export trade with the Orient, Australia and other places, especially in the matter of fish and fish products.

While capitalists are willing to undertake a certain amount of risk in ordinary business ventures, it is absolutely essential that they have some data to proceed upon, as well as to have some guarantee that they will have the support and assistance of business men. In a business of this kind, while provision must be made at the start for the erection of such buildings as will not only meet the requirements of the present but of the future, it is but reasonable to expect from the cities to be benefited some substantial assistance until the business can be put upon a paying basis. There are several ways in which the cities could assist in securing the erection of such storage; for example, by grants of suitable business sites, by freedom from taxation for a number of years, by bonuses, or by a guarantee of interest at say 4 or 5 per cent. for a period on the capital invested. The present financial stringency in all the money markets of the world requires some special inducement to tempt the investment of capital, and I feel quite certain that a little encouragement at the present time will attract a large amount of English capital into British Columbia for the development of its vast natural resources.

An approximate estimate of the cost of a cold storage establishment with a capacity of 75 carloads of products in storage ranges from $75,000 to $125,000, depending somewhat on the cost of construction of piers for the foundation.

If either of the cities referred to are prepared to give some specific inducements, and if an estimate is furnished me of the probable annual volume of business, I am authorized to inform you that a refrigerator expert, whose firm have carried through some of the finest and largest installations in England, will be sent out at once to look over the ground and report as to the whole situation, with a view to immediate action in regard to the erection of buildings.

I am asked by the syndicate of capitalists which I represent to solicit your assistance in obtaining information as to the approximate volume of business in perishable foods likely to pass through the cold storage annually in your city, and to get from you an expression of opinion in regard to the support and specific assistance likely to be given. An early answer is requested. I have the honor to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,
JOHN B. MCKILLIGAN.

P. S.—I have addressed a similar letter to the Boards of Trade at Vancouver and New Westminster. J. B. McK.

The president said that Mr. McKilligan had told him that he could not at present make public the names of those gentlemen interested, and Hon. Col. Baker knew all about the syndicate and he was prepared to endorse it.

On motion of Mr. Leiser, seconded by Mr. Heisterman, it was decided to hold a meeting at 4 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon to discuss the matter. The butchers and provision merchants will be invited to be present.

President Flummerfelt said that since the last meeting he had been discussing with merchants the law between landlords and tenants. The furniture dealers particularly were complaining, and they thought that the existing law should be modified. They supplied furniture for a house, and as soon as it was inside the door it could be held for all back rent.

Mr. Hall—Why should landlords have any priority rights? Their buildings were good for nothing until they were occupied and furnished. For every one landlord who was "billed" 100 merchants were "billed."

Ald. Belyea explained that the landlords' priority law had been abolished in Ontario. The landlords could now only seize furniture or contents of a building for three months' rent. Any more rent owing had to be collected in the ordinary way. The law at present in force in British Columbia is the same as one that prevailed in England about 100 years ago. The Ontario act could be taken in its entirety for British Columbia.

Mr. G. Leiser told of several cases that had come under his notice. At Westminster some time ago he had to pay the rent that a previous tenant owed. Another time a farmer who drove a number of sheep into a shed for which rent was due lost his whole herd.

The matter will be brought to the attention of the provincial government.

It was decided to post the names of delinquents in the secretary's office.

The meeting adjourned at noon.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

4 MORE CASES OF JACKETS AND CAPES

Marked off to-day (making 18 in all so far this year). Beautiful New Goods and entirely different to anything you have seen before. When we tell you that at the end of last season we had only three Jackets left, you may be sure of getting

THIS SEASON'S STYLE.

Then again consider the advantage of going oneself to the market. Our Mr. C. Spencer saw dozens of manufacturers samples, and everyone who has seen our stock is more more than pleased with the selection made. And then

SEE HOW CHEAP THEY ARE.

A good, warm Winter Coat at $3.75, and splendid lines at $4.75 and $5.00. Then a fine Cloth Jacket, Beaver Collar and Facings, at $6.50, and better qualities at all prices all the way up to $35.00.

All we ask is that in justice to yourself you come and see them.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

BEGG'S
MONTHLY & GENERAL GUIDE
—TO—
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Owing to certain changes in the form of publication which I found necessary to make, I have been obliged to omit the months of August and September of my monthly and general guide. The publication will appear in a new dress next month (October) and will, I trust, be received as an improvement on past editions of the work. I desire to thank those who have supported me heretofore and to say that in the future the publication will continue to do good service in advertising the resources of British Columbia. The two months omitted will be made good to subscribers.

ALEXANDER BEGG,
s2-3t Publisher.

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-4m

Indian Curiosities or Curios

Of any and every kind, whether Victorian or from any other country. Mineral specimens, old arms, or armor, silver, or gold medals, works of art, freaks of nature, shells, old California gold coin, etc., wanted by Nathan Joseph, 641 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who will visit Victoria September 7 next and purchase for cash any of the above mentioned goods. Parties having such articles for sale will do well to correspond immediately with N. Joseph, so that he can upon arrival in Victoria call and see the goods without loss of time. If too late no correspond with San Francisco, address care Bank British North America, Victoria. a23-tf-&w

THE
Clarence Hotel

Has been Reopened under new management, and has been thoroughly Renovated and Refurnished.

....Fifty-Two First-Class Bedrooms....

THE BAR IS STOCKED WITH THE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. ALSO

BILLIARD & POOL ROOMS

Everything in connection with the above will be run in first-class style.

WISHART & MELDRUM,
Sept4 Proprietors.

FOURTH ANNUAL
LABOR DAY
DEMONSTRATION
AT CALEDONIA GROUNDS
Nanaimo, Sept. 9, 1893,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF NANAIMO T. & L. COUNCIL

Grand Procession of Trades Unions,
ADDRESSES,
SPORTS AND
DANCING.

GRAND LACROSSE MATCH,
NANAIMO vs. VICTORIA.

SPEAKERS—Lafontaine of Seattle, T. Foster, M. P. P.; Rev. R. Maxwell, Rev. McRae, and T. Keith, M.P.P.

Chairman of Day, MAYOR HARLAM.

Music by Vancouver City Band, Northfield Band and Nanaimo Silver Cornet Band.

Admission to Grounds Free. Dancing 50c.

WM. JONES, Secretary. T. KEITH, M.P.P., President.

USE
San Francisco
SUGAR
Your Jams will not ferment.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.
au23-1m

SPECTACLE WEARERS

Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS
In British Columbia,

F. W. Nolte & Co.
37 Fort Street.

New York
Dining Parlors,
YATES STREET.

I beg to inform the public that I have re-opened the above Dining Parlors, and will conduct the same in

FIRST-CLASS STYLE AT POPULAR PRICES.

Private dining room for ladies. Meals at all hours, day and night. Family trade supplied with all kinds of shell-fish.

ALEX. C. TRAINOR.
S1-1w

Notice of Removal.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.

Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

The British Columbia Corporation,
LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The Offices of this Corporation have been removed from 76 Wharf Street to Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B. C.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd. L'bity,
Managers and Agents.

Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893. a29-td

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893. a29-td

In Boy's Attire.

One little incident of the Maharajah's trip to this country which has not yet been chronicled, says the Philadelphia Press, gives a spice of adventure to the potentate's visit not often met with in these prosaic nineteenth century days.

The Hindoo laws relating to women not only enforce their seclusion from what we term society, but forbid them from leaving the boundaries of India under any pretext. They are allowed to travel about in their own country under the strictest surveillance and with the proper escort, but the Brahmins, the ancient priests of the Buddhist religion, holding their iron rule over Rajah and low caste alike, have for time immemorial forbidden the women to travel in foreign lands.

When the Maharajah decided upon taking his favorite wife with him on his visit to the United States he had to devise some means of circumventing the Brahmin tradition, and what did he hit upon but the old disguise of Rosalind. He dressed his pretty little anana up as a boy, and sailed out on his long journey without fear of the displeasure of the priests.

The little lady lent herself to the part she had to play. Several Americans who met the Rajah's party in Rome and other continental cities were attracted by the pretty youth who was with them. When they tried to make friendly advances, the extreme modesty with which they were met rather puzzled them until, arriving at Paris, the pretty youth disappeared, and the wife of the Rajah took his place.

One American lady who enjoyed the society of the Rajah and his suite much from Rome to New York was not let into the secret until on board the steamship Paris she spoke to the Rajah's secretary about the absence of the handsome boy she had met travelling with them.

The secretary explained the little ruse by which they had outwitted the Brahmins. Soon afterward the lady was introduced to the anana, and the latter, on being reminded of her changed identity, laughing, replied in French, which she speaks very well—

"Ah, yes; in Rome I was monsieur. In Paris I was madame. I prefer to be madame."

If the little trick should be discovered by the Brahmins on his return, all the Maharajah would have to do to condone his offence would be to hand over a good generous dulce to the offended hierarchy.

This method of evading time-honored custom is evidently becoming quite popular among the younger Oriental potentates who are developing the modern mania for travel. The Sultan of Persia in his recent travels through Europe, had with him a very beautiful and mysterious page—his favorite wife, who, however, preserved her incog. until they returned to the palace.

The Literary Congress.

The congress, I gather, is to "assist literature by promoting the independence of those who write." But are we who write "dependent" at this hour? In what sense are we "dependent" except as painters, sculptors, hatters, actors, are dependent? We are dependent on the public taste, dependent for our commercial profits, but we are dependent on no othr thing under heaven. "The finest work that the world has ever seen has been produced under circumstances of physical and material well-being, with a reasonable amount of self-respect. All the writers mentioned above, to whom must be added such names as Southey, Wordsworth, Lamb, Keats, Tennyson, Browning, have written under conditions of comparative independence." Assuredly, but how can a hundred congresses at Chicago secure these conditions?

Scott had a patrimony, he was an official in Edinburgh, he was Sheriff of the Forest. Byron had originally property in land. Dickens was a reporter, then an author. Thackery had a patrimony, then he wrote in Punch and elsewhere. Lord Lytton had lands and gear. Of George Eliot and Charles Reade and Wilkie Collins I know less. Mr. Reade had a fellowship at Magdalen. Southey lived by histories and articles in the Quarterly. Wordsworth chose to be poor until he got a stamp collectorship. Lamb was a clerk in the Indian office. Keats, I presume, had a small patrimony, and was helped by friends and strangers

Now how can congresses of authors get men patrimonies, sheriffships, stamp collectorships? As to literary earnings, they only come to those whom the public will read, and to them they come, congress or no congress Authors whose books the world buys in sufficient quantities are not "cheated, starved, dependent, humiliated," unless as a result of some vice (as in the case of Savage) say drink, or some irremediable weakness of character, which no congress can cure No, it is very natural that some authors should like to meet and talk about copyright and "various modes of publishing" and "syndicate publishing."

I fail to see that we are more "dependent, cheated, starved, humiliated," than painters or actors or professional bowlers, or are more than they in the position of mendicants. Perhaps a failure to observe facts so obvious means an inability to understand that there is such a thing as literary property, and I may not be thought to understand that till I see no differnece between trade and mendicancy.—Andrew Lang, in Longman's Magazine.

Dogs as Draft Animals.

In a report to the state department, dated June 3, 1893, Nicholas Smith, American consul at Liege, treats of the dog as a draft animal in Belgium. The consul presumes that 30 years ago a dog in harness would have excited as much remark in Liege as he would now in an American city. But to-day the dog is no longer an aristocratic loafer. Liege is a city of great industrial activity, "possessing the largest manufactory of machines and machinery in the world, and employing as many horses as any other town of its size in Europe, and yet for every horse at least two dogs are to be seen in harness on the streets."

Of course they are used only for the lighter kinds of traffic, and yet their employment is greatly diversified. Mr. Smith assures us that not only the market gardener, "but also the butcher, the baker, the grocer, the porter, the expressman—common carriers of all kinds, indeed, engage his services." And it is no trifling service, either, that he renders. Th usual draft of an ordinary dog is stated at 600 pounds, though a mastiff often draws 1,200 pounds. We may infer that a good double dog team can haul a ton, especially if his master puts his shoulder to the vehicle in cases of emergency.

Various things are said in favor of making dogs earn their living in this way. For one thing, the expense of feeding is small—five or six cents a day when the animals are "boarded," while the maintenance of one or two in a family costs practically nothing. For another thing, they have no hoofs to clatter on the pavements to the annoyance of sick or nervous people, or to wear the pavements out. And again they do not litter the streets like a horse, and their use reduces the cost of cleaning as well as repairs to a minimum. And further, they will cover a greater distance in a given time when stops are made from house to house and haul a heavier load in proportion to size. Of course there is no outlay for shoes. And finally, to omit items of minor importance, their industrial training subdues their belligerent instincts and completely eradicates their sheep-killing propensity. In fact, it not only makes them useful, but also quiet, civil and innocuous.

Consul Smith thinks it time for Americans to take a hint from the Belgians and turn their hereditary quadruped loafers to good account. And just here he makes a little computation to show how much power we have running to waste and aching to be employed. Estimating the canine population at 7,000,000 and their average strength at 500 pounds, which he regards as low, we have an available force of 3,500,000,000 pounds now unemployed.

It will take considerable time to bring the mass of our dog population into harness, for various reasons. Perhaps half the animals are merely ornamental and unfitted for service of this kind. Many that are fit are household pets, and their owners will never set them at work, and many are too old to learn new tricks readily. But a much greater obstacle to the employment of dogs as draft animals in this country is to be found in the fact that most Americans would look upon the hauling of dog loads as a small, trifling business, quite beneath their dignity and out of accord with their notions of an economical use of their time.

Possibly, however, if a beginning could be made the use of the dog as a beast of burden would be gradually extended. For some lines of service he is well adapted, and he might come to be pretty freely employed as experience should open up for him new fields of activity. But we may not expect the gardener who has to haul his "truck" six or eight miles to the Chicago market to employ dogs. He wants an animal able to draw not only the "truck" but himself, and to get over the ground fast enough to be in good season in the market.

Anecdotes of Emperor Frederick.

The Crown Prince possessed a keen sense of humor, and was addicted to good-tempered, practical joking, which now and then resulted in complications requiring him to prove that he could take as well as give a rough jest. Being himself one of the strongest and most expert swimmers in the German army, he was in the habit during the summer months of taking a spell of exercise before breakfast every fine morning in the vast swimming bath specially appropriated to the use of the Potsdam garrison. Every now and anon, when the "school" was full of huge guardsmen undergoing their aquatic drill, he would amuse himself by swimming up to some clumsy son of Anak, seizing him by the back of the neck, and ducking his head under the water till he gasped again. On one occasion he had succeeded in submerging two or three of the giant grenadiers belonging to the "Body Company" of the renowned First Foot, in which he had served his own military apprenticeship, and, having had his fun in abundance, called out at the top of his voice, "Now, men, you may try it on with me, if you like, one at a time, of course." He had hardly spoken when his neck was grasped from behind, as in a vise, and he found himself compelled to execute several involuntary dives, so inconsiderately prolonged that he presently fell short of breath and swallowed a considerable quantity of liquid. As soon as he could get his mouth above water he exclaimed that he had "had more than enough," and his colossal immerser let him go. The Crown Prince, when he had recovered his breath, turned towards the grenadier—still in the water—and asked his name.

"Schott, Imperial Highness," was the answer.

"Whence do you come?"

"From Nimmersatt," a villiage on the distant frontier of Eastern Prussia.

"How long have you served?"

"Two years, Imperial Highness."

"Have you had any furlough yet?"

"No, Imperial Highness; my home is too far off, and the journey thither costs too much money."

Two days later Grenadier Schott was summoned to the office of his regimental adjutant, and there informed that a fortnight's leave having been granted to him to visit his family, he was ordered to apply for his travelling and diet expenses to the Court-Marshal of His Imperial Highness the German Crown Prince.

One more story—the last—in illustration of the inexhaustible kindheartedness that prompted Frederick III. to perform generous actions without number. Early in March, 1881, he was walking towards the barracks of the Guard Lancers at Meabit when, on the Fennbrucke, his attention was attracted by a group of shabbily dressed persons, consisting of a middle-aged man and three strapping lads, ranged in line on the curbstone, and giving the regulation military salute. He halted in front of the man, saying:

"I see that you have been a soldier; these are your boys, I presume. Have you any more of the sort?"

"No, Imperial Highness; I was discharged invalided, and have been bedridden for a long time, in consequence of fatigue and exposure incurred during the campaign of 1870-71. All my bones seem to have become soft, and poverty has well-nigh broken my spirit."

"Where were you wounded," asked the Crown Prince.

"At the battle of Soor, June 28, 1868; shot through the shoulder, right arm lamed for life."

"Give me your hand; I am heartily sorry for you. Now go home and write to me, enclose your certificates, and inscribe the word 'Soor' on the back of the envelope."

So saying, Frederick William shook hands swarmly with the astonished veteran, and went on his way. A few days later the man received a handsome sum of money from the Imperial Field Marshal's private purse, with a letter intimating that steps were being taken by the latter in person to provide him with a permanent appointment suitable to his capacities and physical powers of endurance.

I can vouch for the absolute truth of the incidents above narrated, which were made known to me by members of the Crown Prince's household. The swimming story I heard from his own lips, that is, the part of it relating to his discomfiture at the hands of Grenadier Schott. The sequel was related to me by an officer of the regiment to which Schott belonged.—W. Bearty-Kingston in London Daily Telegraph.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Sufferings of a Stowaway.

A remarkable adventure of hardship, coupled with human endurance, is related by Capt. Evans, of the British steamer William Anning, which arrived at Sparrow's Point yesterday with iron ore from St. Jago, Cuba. The case occurred on the trip between Baltimore and Bordeaux, France. The Anning sailed from here May 15 with a full cargo of wheat. On the sixteenth day out the chief officer reported to Capt. Evans that there were strange sounds in No. 3 hatch, which could be heard at intervals. The sounds continued until all on board were more or less impressed with the necessity of investigating what were thought by some to be spirit rappings, as all conceded that no human being could be in the small space between the bagged wheat and the iron deck above.

At last Capt. Evans decided to investigate. The battens and tarpaulins were removed and one of the hatches was taken off. Suddenly an emaciated man, who looked like a maniac, struggled on deck. He looked about and then made a rush for the ship's side, panting like a person who is driven wild by thirst. Seeing that the cool water of the sea had allured the man, Capt. Evans ordered his crew to seize him. Then water was given the man in small quantities, notwithstanding his piteous appeals for more. Brandy and water were also administered him with good effect.

As soon as possible Capt. Evans drew out the man's story, and recorded his name, home, and age, in case he should die before reaching land. He said he belonged to Denmark and had stowed away on the Anning in Baltimore. When he hid in the hold he had one loaf of bread and a small can of water, which he thought would be sufficient until the vessel reached sea, when he intended to come from his hiding place. To his astonishment, when the hatch was fastened he saw his last chance for liberty cut off, and he made the voyage in the dark under the most terrible suspense and agony. Much that he told Capt. Evans of his experience was awful to hear. He had probably fasted the whole time, except the first day of his imprisonment. He tried to eat wheat from the cargo, but his mouth produced no saliva, and he could not masticate the grain. Capt. Evans kindly cared for the man. When Bordeaux was reached he went ashore with the determination to walk to his home in Denmark. Capt. Evans thinks if he could spend seventeen days in the ship's hold he would be equal to the task before him.—Baltimore Sun.

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Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of John Row Gumb, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 29th day of August, A.D. 1893, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of John Row Gumb, late of the City of Victoria, deceased, intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 29th day of September, A.D. 1893, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

a30-1w

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the city of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon, of the license now held by me, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Mirror Saloon, situate upon the corner of Yates and Broad streets, in said city.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1893.

EDWARD LEGG.

a4-1m

B. C. Agricultural Association.

Parties having accounts against the B. C. Agricultural Association are requested to send them in to the undersigned at once.

R. J. DALLAIN,
Secretary.

a24-tf

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SURFACE DRAINS AGAIN.

Various Resolutions Introduced Relative to Them.

DISCUSSION OF DAY LABOR QUESTION

Ald. Belyea Advises the Council to "Go Slow" in Dealing With the Disputed Contracts and They Go Slow—Other Business.

The council sat for three hours last night but succeeded in doing very little business. The first hour and a half was devoted to the reading of long formal reports from the finance committee. A little other business was transacted and then resolutions relative to the surface drains came up and long discussions followed. When all the other aldermen had spoken Ald. Belyea would advise them to et the question stand over and they would do so.

There were present at the meeting Mayor Beaven in the chair, and Ald. McKillican, Belyea, Styles, Bragg and Robertson.

Ald. McKillican moved that the minutes of the last meeting be taken as read and adopted.

Ald. Bragg objected to this. The minutes had been read at several previous meetings and the rule should be continued. The minutes were therefore read.

The reports of the returning officer announcing the election of W. A. Robertson and Anton Henderson were received and filed.

The finance committee's reports recommending the payment of accounts and appropriations were adopted. One of the accounts was from H. Carmichael for $150 for examining the stomachs of two Chinamen suspected of being poisoned in April last. At that time the charge was supposed to be excessive. Mr. Carmichael enclosed letters from other professional men to show that the charge was less than usual.

The building inspector was authorized to accept the work done at the Old Men's Home by Fullarton & McDonald if it is satisfactory.

The school trustees asked for $7000 to purchase a site for the new south ward school from Charles Wilson, and $7100 for a north ward school site to be purchased from L. Erb.

Ald. Styles asked if the property had been selected by the city.

Mayor Beaven thought that the sites should be certainly purchased in the name of the corporation of the city.

Ald. McKillican moved that the money be paid to the trustees if the property is deeded to the city.

The street committee recommended that the contract for sprinkling the streets be awarded to C. King at $4.50 a day. That the request for repairs on Carr street cannot be granted as the work must be done under the local improvement by-law and that the road leading to the old agricultural building be repaired. The report was received and adopted.

The mayor reported that by an order of the Supreme Court the corporation was restrained from proceeding with the Spring Ridge surface drain the contract for which was awarded to H. H. McDonald & Co.

Ald. Bragg's motion to authorize the corporation to enter into an agreement with property owners in Work estate to run a surface drain through their property.

Ald. Bragg thought it was necessary to have work on the Work estate drain commenced as soon as possible.

Ald. Styles did not think it would be satisfactory to the residents of Work estate if the surface water only was to be carried off by the drain. It would be very little good to them if they were not allowed to let their sewerage water run into the drain.

Ald. Belyea said there was a discrepancy in the language used in the by-law and the deed transferring the property, but as the resolution conformed with the deed, he did not think that there would be any trouble.

The motion was adopted.

Ald. McKillican moved, seconded by Ald. Styles, that that portion of a resolution of the council passed on the 9th day of August, 1893, which awarded the Spring Ridge surface drain contract to Messrs. H. H. McDonald & Co., at $3784, and that portion of a resolution of the council passed on the 14th day of August, 1893, which authorized the city clerk to affix the corporate seal to the contract awarded for the above work to Messrs. H. H. McDonald & Co., be hereby rescinded and annulled; and that the Spring Ridge surface drain be constructed in brick and the contract for the same be hereby awarded to Messrs. Coughlan & Mayo at $3935, and that the city clerk be authorized to affix the corporate seal to the contract."

Ald. Bragg moved in amendment that the surface drain be constructed by day labor.

Ald. Belyea—Are the other fellows going to do the work by night?

Ald. Bragg said when the council awarded the contract to two firms they did what they thought was right. After the manner in which a certain gentleman had pursued members of the boards, the action proposed by Ald. McKillican should not be carried out. Several members of the board favored day labor, for good reasons. When the contract for the Cook street drain was awarded it was thought the work would be done satisfactorily but now "dogeys" were being employed. The water works department did their work by day labor and it was done well. Only to-day, Mayo, the contractor for the James Bay sewer, would not pay a laborer what the contract says should be paid. There were a large number of men who were wanting work and the city having $100,000 for surface drains lying idle in the bank should take it out and use it. The work could be done well and just as cheaply by the city as it can be done by the contractors. The work for the waterworks department was done well and cheaply by the city.

Ald. Styles wanted it understood that he did not favor one contractor more than another. He did what he thought was fair and honorable. He had been the first one to advocate day labor but the council thought otherwise and it was decided to do the work by the contract system and tenders were called for. The tender of Coughlan & Mayo was the lowest and he favored the lowest men. If the other firm had been in Coughlan & Mayo's position he would have favored them.

Ald. Robertson was satisfied that if the contract was let to Coughlan & Mayo there would be more trouble. If the work could not be done cheaper by day labor he would like to know where the contractors' profits came in. There were many men in the city who were anxious to get work or they would be unable to pay their taxes. Certain regulations were made to bind the contractors but who enforced the regulations? Nobody.

Ald. Beyea confessed that he did not know much about the question. He had unfortunately missed all the fun that his friends the contractors had been having. Since his return home he had looked into the matter but he was not prepared to vote for either resolution or amendment. The matter had better be left alone while it is being considered by the supreme court. Ald. Baker, Henderson and Munn were absent and the matter had better be left over until more aldermen were present.

Ald. McKillican had tried to do his best for both contractors. The city engineer had stated that Coughlan & Mayo's tender was the lowest, and the lowest tenderer should be awarded the contract.

Ald. Bragg contended that the tender of Coughlan & Mayo was not clearly the lowest. Of course the tender could be made to mean almost anything.

Mayor Beaven—But the engineer reported that Coughlan & Mayo's tender was the lowest.

Ald. Styles—Their tender was $1800 less than the next highest.

Ald. McKillican asked when the case would be heard by the supreme court.

The mayor explained that no time had been set for the hearing.

Ald. McKillican—If the court restrained the corporation from proceeding in any way the matter would have to be laid over.

After reading the order of the court Ald. Belyea advised the council to be very careful and leave the matter alone until it was decided upon by the court.

The amendment and resolution were laid upon the table.

Ald. McKillican moved, seconded by Ald. Belyea that F. W. Adams and W. P. Sayward be notified to remove their fences on View street for the purpose of widening that street. The motion was adopted.

Ald. McKillican moved, seconded by Ald. Styles, that residents along the line of surface drains be allowed to connect with those drains until sewers were constructed on the streets.

Mayor Beaven read the following report from the city engineer on the question:

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., 4th September, 1893.

His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen,—As requested by your worship, I beg to submit the following report re the construction and use of the surface drains now being laid.

The primary object of these drains is to provide an outlet for water that otherwise would stagnate in natural depressions on the ground, and also to carry off water that would accumulate in the street gutters.

The contracts being executed by Mr. F. Adams and Messrs. Harrison and Walkley comprise the Cook and View street drains, and some of their principal branches, the drainage from all of which it is propose to convey into the outfall sewer, near Southgate street, through which it will be discharged at Cover Point, provision being made by means of an overflow to allow only so much of the storm water to empty into the main sewer as will not overtax its capacity for carrying off sewage until the population of the city is far greater than it is at present. Ultimately it is intended to extend the Cook street drain to discharge into the gulf at the south end of that street. Along Cook street, from Southgate to View, and along View street, west of Cook, sewers are laid and most of the houses are connected therewith. On the lines of the surface drains between Cook street and North Pandora, via Johnson street, Mr. Dorsey's property, South Pandora and Cormorant street, and between Cook street and Fernwood road, via View street and the school reserve, no sewers are as yet laid.

The drain through the school reserve replaces a wooden box drain that had become rotten and useless, and to which a number of houses were connected. The question to be considered is whether direct house connection with the drain is to be permitted temporarily until such time as sewers can be provided, or the sewage from the houses is to be allowed to run in open gutters and find its way into the drains through catch basins or gully traps, and so continue the nuisance at present complained of; whether direct house connection is to be permitted with the surface drains or not, provision for occasionally flushing them in the dry season will necessarily be made, in order to keep them clean and in good working order. These drains are constructed of material and on scientific principles equal in all respects to sewers, proper inspection and ventilation being provided for by means of manholes and ventilators.

With regard to the surface drains that discharge elsewhere than into the Cook street drain, the less sewerage matter introduced into them the better, and drains from water closets should be entirely excluded, but until sewers proper are constructed, and they are urgently needed, it will be impossible to prevent sewage from house drains that discharge into the gutters and box drains from entering the surface drains. In the separate system of sewerage which has been adopted the surface drains are for carrying off surface and storm water, but until the other part of the system is complete they will carry off sewage from houses that is not disposed of by the scavenger. In order to have the city properly sewered and drained each part of the system should be complete or satisfactory results cannot be obtained.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Ald. McKillican said that many people had the idea that the surface drains would gather sewerage matter and deposit it where it would endanger public health. This was not so. The drains would be as well built as the sewers and could be used temporarily for carrying off sewage. Of course water closets would not be connected with the drains.

Mayor Beaven suggested that the city barristers be asked for their opinion. The money had been borrowed for surface drains and the ratepayers had refused to vote money for sewers.

Ald. Belyea said that if the drains were used for sewers it would be a long time before the city had sewers. Those people whose houses were connected with the drains would say that was good enough sewerage for them. Besides this he did not think the city could legally use the drains for sewers.

Ald. Bragg thought it would be all right to use the drain for a sewer. In fact he thought the drains were better than the sewers.

Ald. Robertson did not think there would be any trouble if the drains were properly constructed. Of course there would probably be an injunction.

Ald. Belyea moved that the resolution be referred to the city barristers. This motion was adopted.

The city engineer reported that Mr. Adams, the contractor for the Cook street surface drain, had agreed to pay his laborers weekly.

James Baker tendered his resignation as alderman for north ward.

The council adjourned at 11 o'clock.

A LETTER OF CONDOLENCE.

People of St. Luke's Offer Their Sympathy to the Pastor's Widow.

Before the services at St. Luke's on Sunday morning the following letter of condolence was presented to Mrs. Browne:

Mrs. M. C. Browne, St. Luke's rectory, Cedar Hill:

Dear Madam:—We hope we are not intruding thus early into the privacy of your deep affliction in thus addressing you; but we would desire to convey to you and your family our sense of the great loss the parish of Cedar Hill has sustained in the death of our lamented rector, the Rev. M. C. Browne. It is now three years since our late dear pastor came among us, and during his ministry, in spite of many difficulties, the church structurally has been improved and the sanctuary adorned, the services at all times receiving the most careful attention at his hands. We remember that when the late bishop paid his farewell visit last year he was pleased to express his satisfaction at the state in which he found the church, and the way in which the service was devoutly and musically rendered. We know full well that the rector's heart was ever open to the claims of suffering in whatever shape they came, and his signal charity to all men was a marked feature in his character. He was always cheerful, with a bright word for every one, and thus endeared himself to those who knew him intimately, and even in his trying illness he preserved a serenity of mind to the last, the hope of the Christian being the one thought which animated him until he passed away, in full assurance of finding rest in the Paradise of God.

And, now that he is within the veil, it is our earnest prayer that you, dear madam, and your children, in the overwhelming sorrow it has pleased God Almighty to afflict you with, may have all the consolation derived from heavenly sources, taking to you the blessed thought that, though the removal of such a partner is a severance of all you hold dear on earth yet that your loss is his gain in Christ Jesus our Lord.

With our sincere wishes for you temporal and eternal happiness we remain, dear madam,

(Signed)

HENRY A. KING,
W. HILL GATRELL,
S. F. TOLMIE,
Church Wardens.

Bishop Perrin in his sermon referred in a feeling manner to the late pastor of the church, and asked the people for their prayers for the mourning family.

ENCOURAGING RESULTS.

An Expert Speaks About Harvest and Hop Possibilities.

Professor Saunders, superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Farms, was in town yesterday accompanied by Mrs. Saunders. They returned to Vancouver last evening, it being Professor Saunders' intention to visit the hop fields of Washington State and observe the process of culture and the manner of gathering and shipping the product.

In an interview with a representative of the Times yesterday afternoon, Professor Saunders said he had come through from Ottawa by easy stages, visiting the farming districts of the Northwest and Manitoba. The experimental farms at Brandon, Edmonton and Calgary were found in capital condition, the crops being excellent in every respect. Everything throughout the great Canadian wheat belt was looking well. The grain had not suffered from the dry weather. The hay crop was very good in Manitoba, but still better in the Territories. One effect of the drought was that the hot wind had made the grain kernel rather smaller throughout Manitoba; this was not so noticeable in the Territories. No such effect had been produced at Edmonton, where everything promised a good yield. Aside from these small points, the general appearance of the country was very encouraging, both in Manitoba and the Northwest—in fact, the best outlook in several years. So much of the grain has been cut that the crop is practically safe; harvesting is almost over. There had been two days' frost, but this was not disastrous in its results. The railway companies had provided ample transportation facilities, and there is now plenty of accommodation for the storage of grain in the many elevators lately erected, so that there will be no difficulty in handling this year's crop.

After leaving Calgary Professor Saunders visited Agassiz, and found everything there blooming. A most interesting experiment in hop cultivation has been made at Agassiz. Two hop yards, comprising fifty acres of some of the best land on the farm, have been set apart for the raising of hops, and Professor Saunders said the crop was the finest he had seen anywhere. The experiment showed the great possibilities for development that lay in hop culture. He thought that when the people of British Columbia fully realized the importance of this industry the province could soon outstrip any competitor, because soil, climate, and other conditions were perfect for hop culture. The average yield from a hop patch in the province was astonishing; 1,000 to 1,200 pounds an acre was not at all extravagant. Of course the culture of hops requires patient care, intelligent work and some experience to achieve the best results, but no more than any cereal crop requires. Professor Saunders was confident that hop growing was destined to become one of British Columbia's important industries, and with the great field for export thrown open by the new line to the Antipodes and the facilities of transport to the Orient there could be no doubt that the hop grower had every circumstance to encourage him in his endeavors. Professor Saunders will remain some time among the great hop fields of Washington and collect data which will be of use in fostering the industry in Canada.

Several very interesting individual or private experiments, if it is not too late now to so describe them, have been made in hop growing in the province. One gentleman whose ranch is at Aldergrove, on the Fraser, secured wonderful results, and made enough hard cash out of the "experiment" to prove to him that he was on the right track. Over and above the financial result, there was the gratifying assurance, sent from the eastern consumers, that the hops were the finest they had ever used.

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W. R. GREECH, Manager.

THE LONDON & CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LT'D

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK $500,000 (WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO $1,000,000.)

This Company having its Head Office in Victoria, is prepared to do a conservative business throughout the Province; and can accept risks, settle losses, etc., without reference elsewhere. Its business is already greater than any other Fire Insurance Company for the Province alone. FOR THE SECURITY OF THE INSURED it has deposited with the Provincial Government $20,000, and reinsures two-thirds of every Policy issued. Its funds are invested in this country, and it therefore deserves the patronage of British Columbians.

BRANCHES---Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Chilliwack and Vernon.

GENERAL AGENTS---THE BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED, VICTORIA, B. C. au26-1m

AUSTRIAN ARCHDUKE HERE.

Empress of China Arrives—Major Gerrard Returns From India.

The Royal Mail Steamship Empress of China arrived at the outer wharf at 2.45 this afternoon, after a very pleasant run of 11 days across the Pacific. She had aboard that distinguished traveller Archduke Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary, whose tour about the world has come in for considerable notice during the past two months. He is travelling as Count Artstetten. He is accompanied by Count H. Clam-Martinic, Count Wurmbrand-Stuppach, Lieutenant A. S. de la Cerda, L and R., Austrian navy, and Lieutenant Julius Pronay von Totprona and Blatinges, who constitute his suite and travelling companions. The party did not land here, but went on to Vancouver. A Times man had a little chat with Lieut. Cerda on the promenade deck of the Empress. He said: "We regret our inability to remain over here for a while, but our time is limited. We are here later than we had hoped to be. Our stay at Vancouver will be short. The Archduke counts upon five days' hunting in British Columbia, after which we go to California to see San Francisco and the Yosemite valley. We then go to Yellowstone, Chicago, Niagara, Toronto possibly, and then to New York. Our journey so far has been a very pleasant one." The Archduke is very quiet and unobtrusive and has a cordial dislike for any prominence whatever. He mingled freely among the other passengers during the voyage and took part in all the deck games contrived to kill time on the passage. He is about the medium height, a decided blonde, and is rather a pleasant, nice-appearing man.

Another passenger aboard equally if not more welcome to Victorians was Major Gerrard. He has resigned his commission on the Madras staff corps and has returned with the rank of major, and is in Victoria to stay. He has been away for nine months. He looks very well after his trip.

Another distinguished passenger was Prince Galitzine of Russia. He made the overland trip across Siberia, and has been at Saghalien island looking after the interests of his government in the dispute with Japan for certain possessions there. He is accompanied by his valet and is going around the world to get home to St. Petersburg. He will make a short stay at Chicago. J. Walter of the Shanghai and Hong Kong Banking Corporation arrived over on his way to San Francisco in the interests of his company. Mr. and Mrs. Wisner and two children are coming to America after 10 years' missionary service in Japan. They go to Tacoma to visit relatives. A. H. Marsh, Mr. Marks, Mr. MacCullough, Dr. McDonagh, J. McDonagh, and F. D. McKay are a party of Toronto gentlemen who have been "doing" the Orient for pleasure.

The China brought a cargo of 2,000 tons of freight and 125 passengers in the steerage, mostly Japanese. Only 11 Chinese landed here. The full list of cabin passengers is as follows:

Count Artstetten and valet, Mr. Arai, J. D. Abl, Mrs. D. Abl, Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge, Mrs. Bilsch and ayah, Miss Cushing, Mrs. Church, Mr. Colton, Lt. A. S. de la Cerda L and R. Austrian navy, Lt. Dewhurst, R.N.R., Mr. Edmonds, Rev. J. H. Ritty, Mr. and Mrs. Fulkerson and three children, Dr. C. Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. L. Fagan, Major Gerrard, Prince Galitzine and valet, Mr. and Mrs. Hellyer, Mr. and Mrs. Hunt, R. Hunt, Misses Hunt 2, J. W. Jamieson, Mr. Knapp and two servants, Mr. Kozaki, Dr. Lusk, Mr. Lusk, Misses Lusk, 3, G. Levi, Mr. Maruyama, Mr. J. F. McEwen, Count H. Clam-Martinic and valet, Mr. Moukwa, A. H. Marsh, Mr. MacCullough, Mr. McDonagh, Mr. J. McDonagh, T. D. McKay, Mr. McNear, Rev. O. S. Nostegrand, Mr. Okura, Mr. Otso, Lt. Julius Pronay von Totprona und Blatinesa and valet, Miss Pomeroy, Count Wurmbrand-Stuppach and valet, Capt. Stabbs, R.N.R., Dr. Stillwell, Mr. Tokui, J. Walter, Mr. and Mrs. Wisner and two children, Mr. Worthington, Mr. Wheeler.

No ships were sighted coming across, and the ship was in a heavy fog since 4 o'clock this morning. The officers report that there is little news of note in Japan and China.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—For an oyster cocktail call at the Nickel Plate saloon.

—The Young Men's Institute held a well attended meeting last night.

—Sunset lodge, K. of P., meets this evening, and will do degree work.

—The residents of Cook street have decided to call that thoroughfare "Sewerside."

—Ald. Bragg has a notice on the bulletin board of the city hall for the redistribution of the wards of the city.

—Tea kettles with wrought iron stands, fitted with spirit lamps, are a novelty introduced by Weiler Bros.

—A volunteer fire brigade is being started at Mount Tolmie. The recent fire caused the initiative step to be quickly taken.

—Ben M. Barney will hold a meeting for spiritual tests and psychometric readings at Pioneer Hall, 28 1-2 Broad St., on Thursday evening, Sept. 7th. Admission 25c.

—The city has laid a four inch water main from the end of Fernwood road out to the Jubilee Hospital and along the Mount Tolmie road some 200 yards, as far as Mr. Sears' place.

—Yesterday was pension day at the office of U. S. Consul Myers, but no pensioners were paid. The Washington authorities have cut off the pensions of non-residents. This will deprive twenty-five persons in Victoria of their pensions.

GRAND LODGE I. O. G. T.

Grand Lodge Meeting Opens Late This Afternoon.

The annual meeting of the grand lodge I. O. G. T. did not open until after 3 o'clock this afternoon on account of the late arrival of some of the delegates. Others will not be here until this evening. After the formal opening reports were received from the different officers. This evening the visitors will be tendered a reception at the Victoria theatre. The full list of delegates and the lodge each represents is as follows:

Perseverance lodge, No. 1—L. Hall and James Russell.
Onward, No. 2—S. Gough and W. Brown.
Cedar Hill, No. 3, R. Landells.
Dominion, No. 4—C. B. Nobles and W. W. Forrester.
Mount Benson, No. 5—Hugh Munroe.
Bateman, No. 6—
Mount Pleasant, No. 7—
Somenos, No. 9—J. Calvert.
Vancouver, No. 10—J. N. Menzies.
Richmond, No. 12—A. E. Green.
New Era, No. 14—C. E Bryant.
Kamloops, No. 15—D. C. McLaren and J. A. Aikens.
Esquimalt, No. 16—Mrs. Aikens.
Harmony, No. 18—W. J. Trythall.
Nicola Lake, No. 20—A. R. Carrington.
Lulu, No. 21—Miss A. Stevens.
Matsqui, No. 22—J. DesBrisay.
Hatzic, No. 23—R. G. Clark.
Cheam, No. 24—A. J. Gaebel.
Ashcroft, No. 25—James Rollins.
Surrey Centre, No. 27—
Lila, No. 28—
Victoria West, No. 29—J. F. Hickey and D. W. McDonald.
Myrtle Leaf, No. 32—Mrs. G. W. Chadsey.
Western Star, No. 33—T. Sampson.
Columbia, No. 34—
Pride of the Ridge, No. 37—Miss L. Bamfield.
Saanich, No. 38—R. J. Irwin.
Cowichan, No. 3—D. Ford.
Chemainus, No. 40—
Vernon, No. 31—J. A. Wood and W. C. Pound.
Wellington, No. 43—S. McKenzie, J. Taylor and Miss L. Mounce.
Union, No. 45—Mrs. Robson.
Fort Langley, No. 46—Alexander Tait.
Star, No. 48—
Model, No. 51—A. A. King.
Robson, No. 52—
Cobble Hill, No. 54—P. A. Raymond.
District lodge, No. —Mr. Gilchrist.
District lodge, No. 2—Mr. Harrold.
District lodge, No. 3—Mr. Keith.

Musical Prodigies.

The concerts to be given in the Victoria theatre on Friday and Saturday evenings by the musical prodigies the Beasey children in aid of the Jubilee Hospital are certain to be musical treats. All over California the family have received very flattering notices from the press. The San Francisco Chronicle says of them:

"This gifted family of infantile musicians are drawing, according to letters and telegrams received, packed houses everywhere outside this city. At all the fashionable watering places where they give entertainments the infantile prodigies have become the pets of the frequenters. The latest dispatch from Monterey, dated July 15, says the concerts at Hagby's opera house in the old capital, and at Assembly Hall, Pacific grove, were the most successful ever given in that vicinity. There was not a vacant seat, and the auditorium was crowded with Del Monte guests. Miss Birdie Fair and family, the Misses Tobin, the Misses Bailey, the Misses Rutherford and Mrs. Harry Mann, wife of the manager of the New California Theatre, were the special patronesses of the little ones on these occasions, and they made much of them socially as well as inducing all their friends to grace the performances by their presence."

Death of Mrs. Redgrave.

Mrs. Redgrave, wife of Sheriff Redgrave, and one of the pioneers of the province, died this forenoon at the family residence, Donald. The deceased lady was a native of Hendon, Middlesex, Eng., and was married in 1849. She accompanied her husband to British Columbia many years ago, and has been an eye-witness of the many changes that have been wrought in the country during the last 30 years. The friends of Sheriff Redgrave will sympathize with him in his deep affliction.

A Conference.

The council of the B. C. Board of Trade will arrange for a conference with Hon. Mackenzie Bowell upon his arrival in this city. They have a number of matters of interest to the province to bring to his notice. Amongst them will be the question of paying the Northern Pacific Steamship Company the seagoing rate for carrying mail to the Orient.

Little Workers for Charity.

Several of the younger members of the King's Daughters will to-morrow afternoon hold a bazaar at the home of A. C. Flummerfelt on the Gorge road in aid of a poor but worthy family. The charge for admission has been placed at 10 cents and the zealous little workers for charity are sure to meet with the success they deserve. They are small and of course their work is on a small scale, but they succeed in doing much good.

Contract Awarded.

The contract for the new school building in the north ward, according to the plans of W. R. Wilson, were to-day awarded to J. G. Brown. His tender, $23,550, was the lowest. Work will be commenced immediately.

134 Douglas Street

Russell & McDonald's, cheapest boot and shoe house in Canada.

Blank Books.

A large assortment extra bound at moderate prices. J. Johnston & Co.

PERSONAL.

John Dean leaves for Chicago to-night.

J. D. Hutchinson of Chicago is at the Hotel Victoria.

J. K. Bennerman of Oakland is among those registered at the Victoria.

C. R. Fernald of the San Francisco Chronicle is registered at the Driard. He is on his way east.

R. E. Jones, Nanaimo; G. A. Wilson, Toronto, and G. W. Payne, of Pumper's Pass, are at the Oriental.

Mrs. M. King and Miss Corie leave to-night for the east over the N. P. They will attend the Fair and visit relatives in the east.

Andrew Tolmie and James Potter leave for Chicago and other eastern cities this evening. They will travel over the Northern Pacific.

H. and Mrs. McCullough of Galt and Mrs. Ward and Mrs. Scott of Hall leave for the east again over the Northern Pacific this evening. On the way east they will visit Yellowstone Park.

HOW THEY WERE CAUGHT.

Two Small Boys are Said to Have Robbed Parker's Meat Market.

In a room in the upper floor of the police station Samuel Sand and Wm. Ramus are in custody. Sand and Ramus are small boys but are charged with a big offense, the burglary of Parker's meat market, Fort street and the theft of between $80 and $90 from the safe. The boys were arrested last night by Sergeant Hawton who worked the case up after having been informed of the burglary which took place on Saturday at midnight. The entrance to the meat market was gained through a rear window. The small footmarks in the sawdust of the shop were a clue and upon this Sergeant Hawton worked. He kept his eyes on these youthful gentlemen as they had already a reputation for being more than mischievous. He saw them out shooting with the latest improved patent air gun, he watched them go into candy shops and purchase the choicest French sweatmeats and treat each other to ice cream sodas. He also observed that they discarded their old clothing for newer garments and finally arrested them and charged them with the burglary. The youngsters remained in the police station all last night and to-day and will be brought up for trial before Magistrate Macrae in the police court on Wednesday morning. They do not seem to be put out by their imprisonment. They pass the time by enjoying themselves singing and playing antics.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RIFLE.

END OF THE MATCHES.

Ottawa, Sept. 4.—All the members of the British Columbia team have shot well; one of them, Gunner Turnbull, of Westminster, winning a place on the Bisley team for next year, being fifteenth man. The grand aggregate was won by Sergeant Simpson, of the 12th Battalion, with 384 points. In this match Turnbull won $6, with a grand total of 366; Langley took $5, with 364 points, and Chamberlain $4, with 353.

In the Henshaw match Langley won $8, with 68 points out of a possible 85; Turnbull $8, with a score of 67; Martin $4, with a score of 62. The completion of this match enabled the Lansdowne to be made up, when it was found that the British Columbia team had captured the seventh prize, $16, with a score of 1,162 points, the top score being 1,184. The grand aggregate was shot for with unprecedented results, three men from the same battalion, the 12th York Rangers, capturing all the money prizes, $500. Staff-Sergeant Simpson takes the special badge and $250, with a score of 96. H. Mitchell $150 with a score of 94, and Sergeant Bell $100, with a score of 93. Turnbull had done remarkably well at the first two ranges and came back to the 600 yards range with 93 points out of a possible of 70. Here his third shot was an outer, but this did not deter him. He found the bullseye again, and held on to it until his last shot, which was a magpie. Had he scored a bull'seye he would have tied Bell for third place and the $100 prize. Turnbull, Davidson of Quebec, Jamieson of Ottawa and Williamson of Bowmanville tied for fourth place. On the shoot-off Turnbull beat the other three, giving him fourth position, a result of which the team is proud. The Bisley team for 1894 will be selected by the executive from the prize winners in the grand aggregate match who are members of the active militia, and their places on the list shall be determined by the total of their score in the grand aggregate and their score in the match for the governor-general's prize. The standing of the first 30 is as follows:

Staff-Sergt. J. H. Simpson of the 12th, 480; Pte. Bayliss, 12th, 467; Staff-Sergt. W. C. King, 45th, 467; Lieut. Curran, 12th, 466; Lieut. T. Mitchell, 12th, 465; Lieut. W. H. Davidson, 9th, 463; Capt. H. H. Gray, R. A., 462; Lieut. C. McAdams, 3rd Ves., 462; Staff-Sergt. W. Bell, 12th, 461; Staff-Sergt. Davidson, 12th, 461; Lieut. C. N. Mitchell, 90th, 460; Sergt. D. Mitchell, 13th, 459; Private W. L. Ross, 13th, 459; Staff-Sergeant J. A. Armstrong, Governor-General's Foot Guards, 458; Gunner Turnbull, British Columbia Garrison Artillery, 457; Quartermaster-Sergeant Ogg, Guelph Batt., 457; Lieut. J. A. Williamson, 45th, 455; Capt. Milligan, Durham F. B., 455; Pte. T. H. Hayhurst, 13th, 455; Pte. A. Bertram, 77th, 454; Capt. R. Reunie, G. O. R., 454; Staff-Sergt. J. Rolston, 30th, 454; Capt. J. T. Hart, R. L., 454; Capt. Moore, 30th, 453; Sergt.-Major Chase, H. G. A., 452; C. A. Sullivan, H. M. S. Blake, 452; Major Bishop, 63rd, 452; Capt. G. A. McMicking, 44th, 451; Pte. J. Kanbery, R. S., 451; Lieut. Hutcheson, 43rd, 450; Corp. McNaughton, 51st, 450; Sergt.-Major Drysdale, M. G. A., 450.

Of the first 30 Gray is ineligible, being in the retired list while in the 30 Hart and Sullivan could not, under Dominion Rifle Association rules, represent Canada.

The Gzowski military match was won by the Governor-General's Foot Guards, with a score of 258; the 13th, of Hamilton, take $40, with 257 1-2; the 57th of Peterboro, take $45, with a score of 3245; the British Columbia Garrison Artillery 735, with 243 points.

The Governor-General's Foot Guards again took the British challenge shield, with a score of 153; the 13th Battalion taking second, 832, and the British Columbia team third and $28.

The London Merchants' cup was won by the Ontario team, with 692 points, prize $100; Quebec second with 687 points, prize $80. Next in order was New Brunswick, 653 points, and British Columbia, 639 points.

In the extra series, at 500 yards, Turnbull won $5, with the possible. In the 800 yards extra series Chamberlain won $4, with 23 points.

R. C. R. A.'S TROPHY.

The trophy won by the B. C. Rifle association, for entering the most teams in the Dominion league series has arrived from the east. It is a very large one. That is all that can be said of it.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—A S Englehardt, Albion Iron Works, A A McGregor & Son, Ames Holden, Co, Allen & Ault, Baker & Leeson, C Morley, Chas Anderson, C A Philip, Dixie H Ross, Erskine, Wall & Co, E R Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, E Frank, F R Murray, Findlay, Durham & Brodie, F R Stewart, Fow Yuen, Hewlett & McIntyre, Hudson Bay Co, John R Kerr, Jas Sears, J H Todd & Son, Jas Fisher, John Potter, J Johnston & Co, Jno Barnsley & Co, J & A Clearihue, Kurtz & Co, Langley & Co, Lens & Leiser, J Hartman, McLachlan Bros, Marvin & Tilton, Mathews R & Tre, M W Mutthorne, M Richardson, Pitcher & Leiser, R C Rance & Vin Wks, P McGuade & Son, R P Rithet, R. P Rithet & Co, R Baker & Son, S Leiser, S Ashfield & Co, S M Hartman, S H Webb, S Severino, T N Hibbin & Co, Thos Earle, Thos W Fletcher, Turner, Beeton & Co, Victoria Phoenix Brewing Co, Victoria Eclectric Soap Works, Yale & Brooks, Weiler Bros, Wolf & Taylor, Wm Weber, Wilson Bros, W K Keniston, Winter & Bower, W Jones & Co, Yum Lee, Wells, Fargo & Co.

Marine.

The steamer Umatilla sails for the south to-morrow.

The steamer City of Puebla arrived from San Francisco last evening with a large number of passengers and 200 tons of freight for this port.

Strong nerves, sweet sleep, good appetite, healthy digestion, and best of all, Pure Blood, are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DIED.

REDGRAVE—In Donald, on the 5th inst., Martha Susan, wife of Stephen Redgrave, registrar and sheriff for East Kootenay. The funeral will take place on Thursday, 7th inst., at 4 p. m.

Injudicious drinking in summer is the cause of much of the condition known as "under the weather." Ripe fruit is known to be wholesome to eat, and the juice of ripe fruit is the best beverage. "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice is prepared from cultivated limes. Diluted with water, either plain or aerated, and sweetened to taste, it is a most wholesome and refreshing beverage. Better than alcholic drinks, cheaper and more convenient than lemons. Druggists and grocers.

THE STANLEY HOUSE

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

WE have a Special Buyer now in the markets looking out for the latest novelties in

Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Etc.

Which are Daily Arriving

* * *

OUR MILLINERY AND MANTLE EXHIBIT will by far exceed anything we have shown before.

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OUR FIRST SHIPMENT of MANTLES HAS ARRIVED and our Buyer informs us that he has been able to do better by far for us in this department than before. Every garment will be a Novelty for Style and a Bargain for Price. Those already in stock confirm us in the belief that he speaks the truth.

* * *

Look Out for Our Fall Opening Announcement.

JUST OPENED UP A GRAND LINE OF

STANLEY CLOTH COSTUMES.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Armour's

★ STAR
★ HAMS
And
★ BACON

Have Arrived.

27 Days from Chicago, Via Great Northern Ry.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

NEW GOODS

For Fall and Winter

Just Received at

A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 88 Yates Street.

THE VICTORIA TAILORING AND DYEING ESTAB'T,

JNO. T. PIERRE Proprietor,

PIERRE BLOCK, (Near City Hall) 100 DOUGLAS STREET

SUITS from $20.00 up. PANTS from $6.00 up.

Clothes cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired. Prices lower than the lowest.
N.B.—I have no branch store and no drummers to annoy you, but will promptly attend to all orders by mail. au18-1m

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(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £260,000, $1,265,333

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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organised. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

TENDERS

Are invited for school building, North Ward, to be delivered at the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, September 6th, accompanied by a certified check of the value of 5 per cent. of the total amount of the tender, or by an agreement, duly signed by the tenderer and two responsible ratepayers, to execute a bond for $2000, if called upon to do so. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

SOULE & DAY, Architects.
Five Sisters Block.
Victoria, B.C., Aug. 25, 1893. a26-td

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to noon, Saturday, 9th inst., for sewers and connections, Plumbers' work, etc., on Seventy-two Houses. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque for one-half the amount of contract, or they will not be entertained. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.
Aug30-td (Colonist copy.)

Photographs!

Finest CABINET PHOTOS $3.00 PER DOZEN, FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.
K. FORBES MACKIE,
Photographer, 59½ Government Street

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Large shipment of New Goods just received.
BASKETS, HAMPERS, FLOWER POTS, PAPER NAPKINS, &c.
Prices lower than ever.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Newfoundland Cod

First of this season's New Boned Cod Fish, just arrived, at 10c. per lb.
R. H. JAMESON, 38 Fort St.

What do you want A Waterproof for?

To Wear in Wet Weather?

Then you want to be sure that it is waterproof and you want the best article that you can get for the money. These chemically treated cloth garments are neither one thing nor the other. Did you ever see one after it had been thoroughly wet and then had dried up to about two sizes smaller.

Currie's Edinburgh Waterproof Coats, Are Just What You Want.
w&s

Estate of Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 19th day of August, 1893, by Harry Disher, of No. 89 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, and Stephen Graham Campbell, of No. 8 North Park street, in the said city of Victoria, carrying on business of grocers at No. 81 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style or firm name of Disher & Campbell, the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell, granted and assigned their real and personal property to Charles Fox Todd, of No. 218 Johnson street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and carrying on business at 12 Wharf street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, and Joseph Clearihue, residing at Cadboro Bay road, in the said city of Victoria, and carrying on business at 20 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell. The said Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 19th day of August, 1893.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
of 46 Langley street, Victoria, B. C.,
a21-1m Solicitors for the trustees.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given, that Edward White, carrying on business at Number 62, Government street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Brown & White, dry goods merchants, has assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to John Joel Austin, of the said city of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Edward White. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustee on the 21st day of August, A.D. 1893, and the said assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said Edward White must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignee at Victoria, on or before the 21st day of October, 1893. All persons indebted to the said Edward White are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said 21st day of October, 1893, the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the assignee, 32 Fort street, Victoria, on Monday, the 28th day of August, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON FELL,
50 Langley St., Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignee.
Dated 21st day of August, 1893. a24-3td

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.

FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.

This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Kerr's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and fishing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays.
Comfortable rooms at moderate prices.
jy11-2m-d&w

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for a timber cutting license of Valdez Island, to cut and carry away timber from the following described land commencing at a post in Deep Water Bay and running southeast 60 chains more or less; thence northeast 60 chains, thence northwest 80 chains; thence southwest 60 chains to place of commencement.

THOMAS PETCH
August 11th, 1893. 81-1m